

Test Administration Technical Report

2020–2021 Program Year

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Preface

This test administration technical report provides information on the technical characteristics of the tests and score reporting for the Ohio Assessments for Educators (OAE) program for the 2020–2021 program year from September 1, 2020, through August 31, 2021.

Purpose of the Ohio Assessments for Educators (OAE) Program

Introduction

The Ohio Assessments for Educators (OAE) program assesses the content-area and professional (pedagogical) knowledge of candidates who are either seeking initial Ohio educator licensure or adding a new licensure area. The OAE program, administered by Pearson, includes 41 content-area assessments and four professional (pedagogical) knowledge assessments. Six OAE assessments include two separate tests each (i.e., Subtest I and Subtest II) for a total of 51 unique tests. The OAE tests are aligned with Ohio Educator Standards, Ohio Learning Standards, and other professional standards, as appropriate.

Each test was validated for use in Ohio in accordance with the practices recommended by the *Standards for Educational and Psychological Testing* (AERA, APA, & NCME, 2014). The Standards require a clear definition of content domain and a rationale to support a claim that the knowledge, skills, and abilities being assessed in a licensure test are required for credential-worthy performance. Educators, educator preparation program faculty, and administrators from across Ohio were involved in reviewing the test materials for content, job-relatedness, and prevention of bias; validating their appropriateness for use in Ohio; and making recommendations for the passing score for each test.

The OAE tests are computer-based and delivered through a national network of Pearson computer-based testing centers. Most tests are available year-round by appointment.

The OAE program offers several web-based resources to help candidates prepare for the tests. These resources include online study guides, practice tests, detailed score reports, and computer-based testing tutorials. In addition, a suite of faculty resources and interactive worksheets are available to assist in candidate preparation. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) and educator preparation programs have access to an interactive, electronic database that allows them to create customized reports of candidate test results and institution performance, or to perform customized data queries.

Composition of the OAE Program

During the 2020-2021 program year, 51 OAE tests were available for test administration. The four professional (pedagogy) knowledge tests are matched to Ohio licensure grade bands (Early Childhood, Middle Childhood, Adolescence to Young Adult, and Multi-Age). Content-area tests match Ohio license types. Thirty-two OAE tests have been operational since September 3, 2013; 12 OAE tests have been operational since January 21, 2014; two OAE tests have been operational since September 2, 2014; two OAE tests, Dance and Foundations of Reading, have been operational since August 29, 2016, and December 19, 2016, respectively; and three OAE tests, Gifted Education and American Sign Language Subtests I & II¹, have been operational since September 24, 2018, and October 22, 2018, respectively. On December 16, 2019, the new Computer Science test was launched.

¹ American Sign Language (ASL) Assessment for World Language Teachers of ASL (Subtests I & II)

Ohio Assessments for Educators (OAE)

Pedagogical Knowledge Assessments:

- 001 Assessment of Professional Knowledge: Early Childhood (PK-3) 002 Assessment of Professional Knowledge: Middle Childhood (4-9)
- 003 Assessment of Professional Knowledge: Adolescence to Young Adult (7-12)
- 004 Assessment of Professional Knowledge: Multi-Age (PK-12)

Content Knowledge Assessments:

- 005 Agriscience
- 050 American Sign Language (ASL)
 Assessment for World Language
 Teachers of ASL (Subtest I)
- 051 American Sign Language (ASL)
 Assessment for World Language
 Teachers of ASL (Subtest II)
- 006 Art
- 007 Biology
- 008 Business Education
- 009 Chemistry
- 054 Computer Science
- 011 Dance
- 012 Early Childhood Education
- 013 Early Childhood Special Education
- 014 Earth and Space Science
- 015 Educational Leadership
- 016 Computer/Technology (Subtest I)
- 017 Computer/Technology (Subtest II)
- 018 Elementary Education (Subtest I)
- 019 Elementary Education (Subtest II)
- 020 English Language Arts
- 021 English to Speakers of Other Languages
- 022 Family and Consumer Sciences
- 090 Foundations of Reading (FOR)
- 053 Gifted Education
- 023 Health

- 024 Integrated Science
- 025 Integrated Social Studies
- 026 Marketing
- 027 Mathematics
- 028 Middle Grades English Language Arts
- 029 Middle Grades Science
- 030 Middle Grades Mathematics
- 031 Middle Grades Social Studies
- 032 Music
- 034 Physical Education
- 035 Physics
- 036 Prekindergarten (Subtest I)
- 037 Prekindergarten (Subtest II)
- 038 Reading (Subtest I)
- 039 Reading (Subtest II)
- 040 School Counselor
- 041 School Library Media Specialist
- 042 School Psychologist
- 043 Special Education
- 044 Special Education Specialist: Deaf/Hard of Hearing
- 045 Special Education Specialist: Visually Impaired
- 046 Technology Education (Subtest I)
- 047 Technology Education (Subtest II)
- 048 Theater

Technical Properties of the OAE Program

The Standards for Educational and Psychological Testing requires that testing agencies provide relevant technical information about the assessments so that test users and reviewers have sufficient information to make judgments about the quality of the test, the resulting scores, and interpretations based on test scores (AERA, APA, & NCME, 2014). This information can ultimately assist test users and reviewers in determining the appropriateness of the test for its intended purpose (AERA, APA, & NCME, 2014).

Scoring

The OAE includes tests consisting of multiple-choice items only as well as tests consisting of both multiple-choice and constructed-response items. The scoring procedures for the program are carefully documented for both multiple-choice and constructed-response items. Additionally, performance monitoring is conducted to check the accuracy of scoring and reporting for the constructed-response items.

Scoring Multiple-Choice Items

Answer keys for multiple-choice items are prepared during the construction of test forms. These keys are reviewed and checked at several points during development and production. Automated technology at computer-based testing centers compares these answer keys to candidate responses immediately following the conclusion of testing. This technology allows for on-site unofficial test results to be generated at the testing centers, which can then be provided to candidates. These unofficial test results are provided to candidates only for the OAE assessments that do not include constructed-response items.

Multiple-choice items are dichotomously scored, meaning a single point is awarded for each correct response, and no points are awarded for an incorrect response. For tests composed of multiple-choice items only, the final raw score is the total number of correct responses on the test. The raw scores are transformed and reported on a scale ranging from 100 to 300 with a scaled passing score of 220.

Each test form for all OAE fields includes both scorable and nonscorable multiple-choice items. Scorable items are those that are used to compute candidates' scores. Nonscorable items are those that are included on a test form to collect additional psychometric information (to support pilot testing) and to support test form equating methodologies but do not contribute to candidates' scores.

Scoring Constructed-Response Items

Some OAE tests include constructed-response items in addition to multiple-choice items. Candidate responses to constructed-response items are scored using a focused holistic scoring methodology. In this method, scorers judge the overall effectiveness of each response using a set of characteristics that have been defined as important to help inform the overall score. The score is holistic in that each score is based on the overall effectiveness of these characteristics working together, focusing on the response as a whole.

The Special Education Specialist: Visually Impaired constructed-response item is scored differently. This item requires candidates to transcribe a passage into Braille, and the score provided is based on the number of errors made in the transcription.

American Sign Language (ASL) Assessment for World Language Teachers of ASL (Subtest II): Candidates are video-recorded as they respond to four constructed-response items. The ODE and Pearson agreed to use a participatory scoring model until enough data was collected to convene a standard setting panel and establish a recommended passing standard for the constructed-response items. For the participatory scoring model, candidates are required to respond correctly to 33% of the multiple-choice section and primarily use ASL to respond to the constructed-response items. The videos of these responses are reviewed by Pearson's scoring team to confirm scorability.

Once a sufficient number of candidate responses to the constructed-response items have been collected, Pearson will reconvene the ASL Content Advisory Committee (CAC). The CAC will review candidate responses to identify exemplars for each of the 4 points on the scoring scale. The CAC will then be asked to identify a passing standard for the constructed-response section of the test using the exemplars and rubrics to inform their recommendation. The passing standard for the ASL Subtest II constructed-response section will be combined with the passing standard recommendation that was made by the CAC at the September 2017 meeting for the multiple-choice section to then establish a recommendation for a passing standard for the test.

Scoring components. Candidate responses are scored on a scale. Some tests use a four-point score scale; other tests use a three-point score scale. A score of 1 represents little or no command of the characteristics, and 3 (for those on a three-point scale) or 4 (for those on a four-point scale) represents a strong command of the characteristics. Each constructed response is independently scored by two scorers, and these scores are summed for a total possible score range of 2 to 6 for three-point score scales or 2 to 8 for four-point score scales.

To participate in the holistic scoring process, scorers must meet specific qualifications such as:

- A state educator certificate/license;
- Experience as an educator in public schools; and/or
- Experience as a college faculty member responsible for preparing prospective educators.

Scorer training. Prior to each scoring session, scorers receive training and orientation by a Chief Reader who trains each scorer to evaluate responses to a variety of educator licensure examinations. The Chief Reader provides each scorer with the background of the OAE tests, the context of the scoring task, the tasks they will perform, the procedures they will follow, the scoring scale, and the characteristics that will guide their scoring judgments. The scorers are oriented to the prompt-specific rubrics that apply the characteristics and scoring scale to the constructed-response item(s) used on test forms for the current test administration. The Chief Reader identifies and develops orientation materials, leads scoring sessions, conducts calibration orientation, and monitors the progress of the scoring session.

Scorers receive practice using training sets of responses to which scores have already been assigned, including marker responses (i.e., exemplar responses of each score point on the score scale). The training emphasizes equity and fair application of the score scale. Once scorers have been trained, they have to prove their ability to score accurately by completing a calibration exercise. Each response is read independently and scored by two scorers. If the two scores are not identical or adjacent, additional scoring is conducted to resolve the discrepancy.

Performance Monitoring of Scorers. Pearson monitors the performance of scorers throughout the scoring sessions and implements checkpoints with scorers. Specific areas monitored include a scorers' ability to understand and apply the established scoring scale, the consistency of the scores assigned in comparison with those assigned by the second scorer, and the scorers' consistency over time. During checkpoints, scorers are recalibrated to the scale, typically through discussions of specific questions raised by scorers. Scorers must demonstrate continued scoring accuracy on the responses. If scorers fail to demonstrate accuracy, they receive additional, individual reorientation before proceeding with scoring.

Item Analyses

Item analyses are conducted on multiple-choice items to assess the accuracy and psychometric quality of the items. Additionally, data from constructed-response items are reviewed to confirm that items in the item bank for each field are comparable in terms of difficulty and score distribution.

Item Analysis for Multiple-Choice Items

The purpose of item analysis for multiple-choice items is to verify the accuracy of the answer key for each administered test form and as an additional quality assurance check before providing final results and before official candidate score reports are produced.

Data are collected on each item, allowing for the empirical consideration of item difficulty, item discrimination, content accuracy, and the plausibility of distractors. These item statistics are calculated and evaluated for the current administration and cumulatively (i.e., using combined statistics from previous operational test administrations).

The item statistics calculated and evaluated for each multiple-choice item include:

- Item difficulty (p-value);
- Distribution of responses (percentages of participants selecting each response option);
- Item-to-total test point biserial correlation (correlation of performance on the item to performance on the total test); and
- Mean score by response choice (average score on the total multiple-choice set achieved by all participants selecting each response option).

Those items that do not perform within defined statistical parameters are flagged and reviewed. Flagged items are reviewed by content specialists, test development specialists, psychometricians, and editors. Reviewed items are deleted or revised and subjected to additional pilot testing. The review confirms that the wording on the test forms matches the wording validated by the CACs. During the review, there is a check of content, topicality, and correct answer.

Item Review for Constructed-Response Items

Constructed-response item data are regularly reviewed to monitor the difficulty of the items across administrations. Throughout the scoring process, monitor reports containing mean scores and standard deviations are reviewed. The monitor reports also contain distribution of scores assigned by the first two scorers, distribution of score differences, and distribution of score combinations assigned by the first two scorers.

Test Equating

Each OAE test consists of multiple forms. Multiple forms are utilized within and across test administrations to address potential item exposure and maintain security. Industry-accepted statistical adjustments (equating) are implemented to adjust for small differences in difficulty across forms.

Purpose of Equating

According to the *Standards for Educational and Psychological Testing*, equating refers to the process of placing scores from alternate, parallel, or equivalent forms of a test on a common scale (AERA, APA, & NCME, 2014). The central purpose of statistical equating methods is to compensate statistically for possible variability in the characteristics of test forms that may affect candidates' scores (e.g., differences in the overall difficulty of a new test form compared to a previous test form). Statistical equating methods ensure that a candidate's scaled score is adjusted for the relative difficulty of the particular test form that was taken. Equating thus allows test developers to attribute differences in scores across test forms to differences in knowledge or skills, and not differences in the tests. Equating helps to ensure that different test forms are comparable and that test scores from multiple test forms can be used interchangeably.

Equating Design

A single-group equating design is utilized for the OAE tests. In a single-group design, the same group of candidates is scored on two alternative forms of the same test. The two forms are defined by designating two alternative subsets of items on the full test form as scorable, so that each alternative contains a set of common scorable items plus a set of scorable items unique to the form. The two alternative forms are then statistically equated.

To equate the two test forms, a linear equating method was implemented for the OAE program. In linear equating, two scores are equivalent if they are the same number of standard deviation units above or below the mean for some group of candidates (Angoff, 1984). A linear equation is used to relate the scores from the two forms by setting standard deviation scores, or z-scores, to be equal on the two test forms (Kolen & Brennan, 2004).

This design is used for the OAE tests because of the need to pre-equate the test forms, enabling candidates to receive unofficial test results at the testing center immediately after the conclusion of their test administration (for multiple-choice-only OAE tests). With pre-equating, the passing score for a new test form is established prior to operational administration.

Scaled Scores

The Standards for Educational and Psychological Testing states that scaled scores may aid in interpretation of the test. Specifically, scaled scores allow scores to be easily comparable regardless of test form or administration (AERA, APA, & NCME, 2014).

Scaled score reporting is preferred to raw score reporting due to the confusion that may occur as a result of some changes in raw cut scores across test forms. Therefore, the use of scaled scores helps to support the communication of the OAE program results in the following ways:

- Candidates, educator preparation programs, and stakeholders will be able to interpret scores from the different OAE tests in a similar manner, regardless of the test taken.
- The meaning of the scaled passing scores will be consistent over time, making it possible to compare performance from one test administration to the next.

Scaled Score Range for the OAE

Raw test scores, including the number correct for multiple-choice items and holistic scores for constructed-response items, are transformed to a standard scale ranging from 100 to 300. This scale is used to communicate OAE scores across all tests within the program. For each OAE test, 220 represents the passing score. By using a standard scale across all tests, test scores and feedback are provided in an easy-to-understand format for candidates, educator preparation programs, the ODE, and other stakeholders.

Calculation of Scaled Scores

For tests containing only multiple-choice items, a simple linear transformation is applied to the raw scores to compute the associated scaled score. The scaled score is derived from the candidate's raw score, the raw cut score, and the maximum possible raw score. Candidates who perform at the raw score that is equivalent to the passing score achieve a scaled score of 220, while those who achieve the maximum possible raw score will receive a scaled score of 300.

For the OAE tests that contain both multiple-choice and constructed-response items, the multiple-choice and constructed-response test sections are each scaled separately. These multiple-choice and constructed-response scaled scores are then combined in accordance with the following weightings.

OAE Test	Multiple- Choice Weight	Constructed- Response Weight
Assessment of Professional Knowledge: Early Childhood (PK-3)	80%	20%
Assessment of Professional Knowledge: Middle Childhood (4–9)	80%	20%
Assessment of Professional Knowledge: Adolescence to Young Adult (7–12)	80%	20%
Assessment of Professional Knowledge: Multi- Age (PK-12)	80%	20%
American Sign Language (ASL) Assessment for World Language Teachers of ASL (Subtest II)	40%	60%
Computer/Technology (Subtest I)	70%	30%
Computer/Technology (Subtest II)	70%	30%
Educational Leadership	60%	40%
Foundations of Reading (FOR)	80%	20%
Prekindergarten (Subtest I)	80%	20%
Prekindergarten (Subtest II)	80%	20%
Reading (Subtest I)	80%	20%
Reading (Subtest II)	80%	20%
School Psychologist	85%	15%
Special Education: Visually Impaired	80%	20%

OAE Test	Multiple- Choice Weight	Constructed- Response Weight
Technology Education (Subtest I)	70%	30%
Technology Education (Subtest II)	70%	30%
Theater	80%	20%

Reliability

The Standards for Educational and Psychological Testing refers to reliability as the consistency of test scores for a group of candidates across administrations (AERA, APA, & NCME, 2014). There are many common reasons for individual scores to fluctuate over time. Score fluctuation from one testing occasion to another has an impact on reliability. Some factors that affect reliability include:

- Number of candidates. The number of candidates whose test scores
 contribute to a statistical estimate of reliability affects the stability of the
 estimate. In general, reliability estimates based on larger numbers of
 candidates are more stable than estimates based on smaller numbers. For this
 reason, reliability estimates are calculated for tests that are taken by 100 or
 more candidates.
- Self-selection of candidates by test administration date. Typically, candidates can decide when to take a particular test. OAE tests are administered throughout the year, and candidates can select when to take and retake the tests. This self-selection can affect the composition, ability level, and variability of the group taking a particular test at a given test administration.
- Variability of the group tested. In general, the larger the true variance or true spread of the scores of the candidate group (i.e., the greater the individual differences in the true level of knowledge, skills, and abilities of the candidates in the particular group taking a test on a particular occasion), the greater will be the reliability coefficient. Reliability estimates tend to be higher if candidates in the group have widely varying levels of knowledge, and lower if they tend to have similar levels of knowledge.
- **Test length.** Statistical estimates of reliability are typically higher for tests with greater numbers of questions. A more reliable estimate of a person's knowledge is obtained by asking more questions.
- **Test content.** Reliability estimates are typically higher for tests that cover narrow, homogeneous content than for tests (such as many used for educator licensure) that cover a broad range of content. Tests for educator licensure must typically test a broad base of knowledge, skills, and abilities that pertain to licenses that will apply in a wide range of educational settings, grade levels, and teaching assignments.

Because the tests included in the OAE program are used to make high-stakes decisions, several indicators of decision consistency (that is the degree to which the same decisions are made from two tests) and measures that indicate score reliability (consistency of scores across administrations) are calculated. Statistics presented not only consider the reliability of the test scores, but also indicate the reliability of the decisions made using the test results.

Several measures are employed to assess the reliability of each test in the OAE program. These measures are described below.

- Livingston-Lewis estimate of decision consistency. For a test used to make licensure requirement decisions such as those in the OAE program, the consistency of such decisions becomes a primary focus (Crocker & Algina, 1986). Decision consistency refers to the degree to which the same decisions are made from two tests. For the OAE program, the Livingston and Lewis (1995) estimate of decision consistency is used. This multi-stage method calculates decision consistency and accuracy using four types of input, including distribution of scores on one form, the minimum and maximum possible scores, the cut points used for classification, and the reliability coefficient (Livingston & Lewis, 1995). Decision consistency is reported in the range of 0 to 1, with estimates close to 1 indicating more consistent or reliable decisions.
- **Kuder-Richardson formula 20 (KR20).** The Kuder-Richardson index of item homogeneity (KR20) is an overall test consistency (reliability) estimate based on a single test administration (Kuder & Richardson, 1937). It is applicable to the multiple-choice section of tests. KR20 is reported in the range 0 to 1, with a higher number indicating a greater level of consistency (reliability). Homogeneity refers to the degree to which the items on the test are consistent with one another. For the OAE program, KR20 is computed for tests composed of multiple-choice items only as well as for multiple-choice sections of tests that also include constructed-response items.
- **Stratified coefficient alpha.** Stratified coefficient alpha is an estimate of total test score reliability for a test containing a mixture of item types (e.g., both multiple-choice and constructed-response) (Qualls, 1995). Each item type component of the test is treated as a subtest. Internal consistency estimates for the separate subtests are combined to compute stratified coefficient alpha. Stratified coefficient alpha is reported in the range 0 to 1, with a higher number indicating a greater level of consistency (reliability). This statistical estimate was deemed most appropriate for estimating total reliability of tests with both multiple-choice and constructed-response items for the OAE program because it takes into account differences in test length and variance of the two item types.
- Standard error of measurement. The Standards for Educational and Psychological Testing defines the standard error of measurement as the estimate of the difference between observed scores and estimated true scores by estimating the variability of measurement errors. This statistic speaks to the reliability of test scores, with smaller standard errors of measurement indicating more reliable test scores (AERA, APA, & NCME, 2014).
- **Generalizability coefficient (G).** The Generalizability (G) coefficient is a measure of the percent of total score variance that is attributable to persons (i.e., factors within the candidate, such as subject matter knowledge). It reflects the proportion of variability in individuals' scores that is attributable to true score variability rather than to measurement error (Brennan, 2001). It is reported in the range 0 to 1, with a higher number indicating a greater level of generalizability. The G-coefficient is applicable to test sections composed of constructed-response items. It gauges the degree to which the results from one test form of the constructed-response items are generalizable to other forms or other test administrations. The G coefficient for exam forms with a single constructed-response item is calculated with the item type as a random facet. This permits variability of scores to be associated with the item type rather than

with error variance (Brennan, 2001). Some exam forms have more than one type of constructed response item. Calculating G coefficient for these exam forms as a random facet will result in lower G coefficients.

- **Scorer agreement.** Scorer agreement is the degree of agreement between constructed-response scores assigned by independent scorers. Independent scorers are in agreement if the scores they award are either exact or adjacent. The scorers are not in agreement if the scores awarded differ by more than one point. The percent of cases in which the first two independent scorers are in agreement is computed as a measure of scorer agreement (reliability). The following scorer agreement statistics are reported.
 - Percent agreement. Overall agreement determined by summing exact and adjacent agreement.
 - o *Percent exact.* Percentage of scores in which the first two scorers were in exact agreement.
 - Percentage adjacent. Percentage of scores in which the two scorers assigned adjacent scores.
 - Inter-rater reliability. Intraclass correlation between the first and second score assigned to each response, corrected using the Spearman-Brown formula.

Validity

The Standards for Educational and Psychological Testing states that validity is a fundamental consideration in developing and evaluating tests (AERA, APA, & NCME, 2014). Validity relates to the use and interpretation of test scores rather than describing a test itself. For the OAE program, collection of both content-based and construct-based validity evidence is a continuous process.

Content-Based Validity Evidence

Because the OAE program is composed of licensure tests, gathering content-based validity evidence is essential to confirm that the assessment frameworks (which represent the content domain) are representative of the knowledge, skills, and abilities necessary for an entry-level educator in Ohio. Content-based validity evidence for the OAE program was gathered throughout the assessment validation process, starting with the frameworks.

OAE frameworks. In validating the frameworks, content-based validity evidence is initially gathered through an alignment study. Alignment can be used to gather content-based validity evidence by corroborating that the knowledge, skills, and other constructs measured by the tests are consistent with those specified in the frameworks (Koretz & Hamilton, 2006). The OAE assessment frameworks are based on state-approved and nationally recognized professional and academic standards and contain a competency component with information about the knowledge and/or skills necessary for performing the job of a licensed educator in Ohio public and non-public schools. Therefore, the competencies collectively define the range of content to be measured by the assessment. Pearson conducted an alignment study of each OAE framework. These alignment studies were carried out to confirm that the test content, and therefore the tests, are aligned with appropriate standards related to the intended purpose of the test. Additional information on the alignment studies can be found in the *Ohio Assessments for Educators Technical Report, Development and Validation, 2012–2014*;

Technical Report Addendum, Development and Validation, 2014–2016; Technical Report Addendum, Development and Validation, 2016–2018; and Technical Report Addendum, Development and Validation, 2018–2020. The OAE Technical Reports are available under Faculty Resources on the Ohio Assessments for Educators website.

Another source of content-based validity evidence was gathered by conducting an initial review of the frameworks by Ohio educators and Ohio educator preparation program faculty. During this review, Ohio educators and educator preparation program faculty checked the content domain represented the knowledge, skills, and abilities required by an entry-level educator in that test field by considering the criteria of alignment, completeness, clarity of language and terminology, and freedom from bias.

OAE content validation surveys. Content validation surveys provide content-based validity evidence through the input of experts and stakeholders in educator licensure regarding the importance of the necessary knowledge, skills, and abilities specified in each framework for an entry-level educator. Results of these surveys guided the final definition of the content domain. Ohio educators and Ohio educator preparation program faculty rated the test components of each framework on a 1-5 scale. Results of the surveys were used to determine the final status of all the assessment framework components. Results of the content validation surveys for the OAE indicated that across test fields, the majority of competencies and descriptive statements achieved a rating of at least 4.0, representing "great importance." Additional information on the content validation surveys is included in the Ohio Assessments for Educators Technical Report, Development and Validation, 2012-2014; Technical Report Addendum, Development and Validation, 2014-2016; Technical Report Addendum, Development and Validation, 2016-2018; and Technical Report Addendum, Development and Validation, 2018–2020. The OAE Technical Reports are available under Faculty Resources on the Ohio Assessments for Educators website.

OAE test items. As described in the Development and Validation Technical Reports, the item validation activities by the Bias Review Committee (BRC) and Content Advisory Committees (CACs) provided additional content-based validity evidence. The BRC validated that the items were free from potential bias in content, language, offensiveness, and stereotypes, and that the items were fair and represented the diversity of the Ohio population. The CACs validated items to indicate that they matched the test competency or content domain to which they were written and were accurate, free from potential bias, and job-related. Any items that were judged to be problematic were eliminated.

Construct-Based Validity Evidence

The Standards for Educational and Psychological Testing refers to construct validity as the degree to which scores from an assessment can be interpreted as indicating the candidate's standing on the knowledge, skills, and abilities assessed by the test (AERA, APA, & NCME, 2014). Some threats to construct validity include construct irrelevance and construct underrepresentation. Construct irrelevance is "variance in test-taker scores that is attributable to extraneous factors that distort the meaning of the scores and thereby decrease the validity of the proposed interpretation" (AERA, APA, & NCME, 2014, p. 217). Construct underrepresentation is defined as "the extent to which a test fails to capture important aspects of the construct domain that the test is intended to measure" (AERA, APA, & NCME, 2014, p. 217).

OAE content validation surveys. For the OAE program, Pearson conducted content validation surveys that were aimed at gathering evidence to show that each assessment framework adequately reflects the knowledge, skills, and abilities necessary for an entry-level educator in Ohio. Survey participants were asked to rate the importance of

the knowledge, skills, and abilities described by each competency and accompanying descriptive statements. The third item on the survey asked participants to rate a set of competencies in terms of how well they represented important aspects of the knowledge, skills, and abilities required for performing the job of an entry-level educator. Results showed that the set of competencies for each test adequately represents the knowledge, skills, and abilities the test is intended to measure.

OAE test items. The item validation activities by the BRC and CACs provided additional construct-based validity evidence. The BRC validated that the items were free from potential bias in content, language, offensiveness, and stereotypes and that the items were fair and represented the diversity of the Ohio population. The CACs validated items to indicate that they matched the test competency or content domain to which they were written and were accurate, free from potential bias, and jobrelated. Any items that were judged to be problematic were eliminated.

Score Reporting

After administration of the OAE tests, official score reports are provided to candidates to inform them of their passing status and performance on the test. Official score reports are also provided to ODE and to Ohio educator preparation programs, as designated by the candidate, to communicate passing status of individual candidates for educator licensure.

Candidate Score Reports

Candidates receive unofficial test results (reported as pass or not pass) on-site following the administration of multiple-choice-only tests. For tests that contain constructed-response items, candidates receive a receipt of completion on-site following the test administration. All candidates may request that an official score report be e-mailed to the address provided during the registration process on the score report date published on the program website. Official score reports are posted to the candidate's online account for two years as PDF documents, which a candidate may view, print, and save for their records. After the two-year period, candidates may request a copy of their scores through their online account.

Official score reports include the following information.

- the date the candidate took the test
- the candidate's overall scaled score based on the number of items answered correctly converted to a scale ranging from 100 to 300
- the candidate's passing status based on the state-approved passing standard
- details of candidate performance on each content domain assessed by the test for both multiple-choice and constructed-response sections

Candidates who do not pass a test are also provided with a Detailed Performance Summary that includes specific information about the candidate's performance on each test competency and constructed-response item, if applicable.

Sample *Pass* and *Not Pass* candidate score reports are provided in Appendix A. Score reports are accompanied by an interpretive guide to help candidates understand the reports. Additional information on how to read the score report can be found on the OAE program website.

Other Score Recipients

Candidate test results are sent to ODE and educator preparation programs as designated by the candidate. These scores are delivered electronically through Pearson's secure web-based score-reporting system. Through this system, the ODE and educator preparation programs have access to a web-based tool called *ResultsAnalyzer*®. This tool is interactive and allows the ODE and educator preparation programs to view, analyze, reorganize, download, and print results based on test data and generate customized reports of their choice.

ResultsAnalyzer® can support the needs of Ohio educator preparation programs through the following features.

- create relevant and timely reports on candidate results
- filter reports by candidate demographics, specific tests, or testing year
- organize data into customized tables and graphs
- customize data queries to align with institution goals and areas of interest
- aggregate performance data across testing program years
- export data to Microsoft® Excel or other report software and print graphics
- analyze candidate data for numerous purposes, including Title II reporting, educator preparation program research, program evaluation, and curriculum improvement

ResultsAnalyzer® also allows the ODE to generate reports based on its needs and areas of focus using the features previously mentioned. In addition, ResultsAnalyzer® can create reports and filter results by educator preparation program, as well as support the analysis of institutional data. These data can assist the ODE in assessing the performance of educator preparation programs across the state and help in future statewide policy decisions.

Test Statistics Reports

This document provides statistical reports for each test and reports on candidate performance for OAE tests administered during the 2020–2021 Program Year. Test statistics reports consist of test form and field statistics reports that outline statistical characteristics of multiple-choice-only tests as well as tests composed of both multiple-choice and constructed-response items. Total scaled score distributions are provided. Specific details of each report are outlined below.

Test Form Statistics Reports

The Test Form Statistics Report in Appendix B provides selected statistics for test forms administered to at least 100 candidates during the program year. This report includes the following information:

- Test Field. Code identifier and name assigned to each test.
- Form. Identifier assigned to each form.
- Number of tests taken. Scores are included in the analyses for this report for candidates who attempted at least one multiple-choice item and provided scorable responses to the constructed-response items, if applicable. In the cases

in which the same test forms were administered at more than one test administration during the reporting period and candidates took the same test form at more than one test administration, both scores for those candidates' several attempts are included in the analyses.

- *Mean.* The average of the total test scaled scores achieved by the candidates taking the test form.
- Standard error of measurement (SEM). The SEM of the total test scaled scores is an estimate of the variability of measurement errors by approximating the difference between observed scores and estimated true scores.
- Decision consistency. The Livingston-Lewis estimate of decision consistency is based on all administrations of a test form during the program year. Test forms are considered to be identical if they contain identical sets of scorable multiplechoice items, regardless of the order of the items.
- Stratified alpha. This statistic provides an estimate of total test score reliability for a test containing multiple item types (e.g., both multiple-choice and constructed-response items) (Qualls, 1995).
- *Test length.* The number of scorable items of the multiple-choice section or constructed-response sections.
- KR20. The Kuder-Richardson index of reliability applicable to the multiple-choice sections.
- *G coefficient.* Gauges the degree to which the results from one test form of the constructed-response items are generalizable to other forms or administrations.

A second Test Form Statistics Report is provided in Appendix C: *Test Form Statistics Report for Test Fields with Fewer than 100 Tests Taken*. This report contains the total test scaled score mean and the number of scorable multiple-choice items for test forms that were administered to fewer than 100 candidates during the 2020–2021 Program Year. Statistical indices such as the SEM or reliability coefficients cannot be confidently interpreted when computed using data from small groups of candidates; therefore, such analyses were omitted for test forms administered to fewer than 100 candidates in the reporting period. The School Psychologist (042) field is not represented in this appendix because there were no administrations of the test during the 2020–2021 Program Year.

Test Field Statistics Report for Test Fields with Constructed-Response Items
The Test Statistics Report by Test Field shown in Appendix D provides selected
statistics for test fields composed of constructed-response items administered to at
least 100 candidates during the program year. This report includes the following
information for each prompt/assignment.

- **Number of tests taken.** The number of times the test was taken during the program year.
 - Number of valid scores. The number of scorable responses that were included in the scorer agreement calculations.
- **Scorer agreement.** Measures of scorer agreement reported are:
 - Percent agreement. Overall agreement determined by summing exact and adjacent agreement.

- Percent exact. This is the percentage of scores in which the first two scorers were in exact agreement.
- Percentage adjacent. This is the percentage of scores in which the two scorers assigned adjacent scores.
- Inter-rater reliability. This is the intraclass correlation between the first and second score assigned to each response, corrected using the Spearman-Brown formula.

The following fields are not included in Appendix D due to sample sizes below 100: 016/017 Computer/Technology Subtest I/II, 036/037 Prekindergarten Subtest I/II, 042 School Psychologist, 045 Special Education Specialist: Visually Impaired, 046/047 Technology Education Subtest I/II, 048 Theater, and 051 American Sign Language (ASL) Assessment for World Language Teachers of ASL (Subtest II).

Total Scaled Score Distribution by Test Form

The Total Scaled Score Distribution by Test Form shown in Appendix E provides information about the scaled score distributions associated with all test fields taken by 10 or more candidates during the 2020–2021 Program Year. For the OAE program, results are reported on a scale ranging from 100 to 300. A scaled score of 220 represents the passing standard for each test. Fields with fewer than 10 administrations are 011 Dance, 026 Marketing, 042 School Psychologist, and 046/047 Technology Education Subtest I/II.

The scale score distributions include the following information:

- *Total scaled score*. The inclusive list of observed total test scaled scores, in intervals of five scale-score points.
- *N*. The number of scores observed within each interval.
- *N at or above*. The number of scores observed at or above each scaled score interval.
- *Percent*. The percent of scores observed within each interval.
- *Percent at or above*. The percent of scores observed at or above each scaled score interval.

Title II Reporting

The federal government requires that states submit annual reports on the quality of their educator preparation programs for accountability purposes. The data are intended to inform stakeholders on the quality of teacher preparation.

Pearson helps the Ohio Department of Higher Education (ODHE) meet Title II requirements by working with both the ODHE and educator preparation programs to produce the reports. Data exchange protocols with other testing companies that administer educator licensure exams adopted by the ODE (such as the American Council on the Teaching of Foreign Languages, ACTFL) have been established for inclusion in the data collection and reporting process. The Title II reporting system allows the submission, review, and transmission of data that supports collaboration among educator preparation programs and the ODHE. Pearson supports the reporting needs and requirements through the following actions:

 producing Test Pass Rates Tables and Summary Pass Rates Tables for Title II Reporting.

- providing web-based training to educator preparation programs on the purpose and process for data collection.
- maintaining a secure, password-accessible website for data collection.

Support for Veterans: Reimbursements for Educator Licensure and Testing

The Ohio Department of Education has eliminated fees for educator licenses to recognize the contributions of military families. The fees for any initial Ohio educator license, permit, or certificate—or for a renewal—will be waived for candidates who are veterans with honorable discharges or current service members of all branches of the United States Armed Forces; the National Guard or Reserve; and the Ohio Military Reserve or Ohio Naval Militia (under the Ohio Adjutant General). Spouses of activeduty service members also may receive a license free of charge. For more information, visit the Department of Education website.

The U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs offers a reimbursement program for educational expenses, which can include the cost of taking the Ohio Assessments for Educators.

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Appendices

Appendix A: Sample OAE Candidate Score Reports

Appendix B: Test Form Statistics Report for Test Fields with More than 100 Tests Taken

Appendix C: Test Form Statistics Report for Test Fields with Fewer than 100 Tests Taken

Appendix D: Test Field Statistics Report for Test Fields with Constructed-Response Items

Appendix E: Total Scaled Score Distribution by Test Field

Appendix A: Sample OAE Candidate Score Reports: Pass and Did Not Pass

Note: Candidate Score Reports include only the last five digits of candidate social security numbers with four leading X's, e.g., XXX-X1-2345)



FirstName LastName 300 Venture Way Sample City, OH XXXXX

Assessment of Professional Knowledge: Early Childhood (PK-3) 001 Minimum Passing Score: 220 Assessment Date: August 20, 2020

Status: Pass Your Score: 231

Domain	Performance Index
Student Development and Learning	++
Assessment, Instruction, and the Learning Environment	+++
The Professional Environment	+++
Constructed Response Assignments	+++



Examinee Name: FirstName LastName



This barcode contains unique candidate information.

Social Security Number: XXX-XX-XXXX



HOW TO READ YOUR SCORE REPORT

Overview. This score report provides your assessment results for the Ohio Assessments for Educators: Initial Licensure (OAE: Initial Licensure) that you took on the assessment date indicated on the report. The purpose of the OAE: Initial Licensure is to assess the knowledge and skills of a prospective Ohio educator. The OAE: Initial Licensure program helps the Ohio Department of Education and the State Board of Education of Ohio meet their goal of ensuring that candidates have the knowledge and skills needed to perform the job of an educator in Ohio schools.

Assessment Score. Your total assessment score is a scaled score. A scaled score is a combination of the number of scorable questions you answered correctly on the multiple-choice section of the assessment and the scores you received on any constructed-response assignments (if applicable) converted to a scale from 100 to 300, with a score of 220 representing the passing score for the assessment. The number of questions per competency may vary by test form. The total number of questions needed to pass the assessment may also vary across test forms as a result of variations in question difficulty. The conversion of raw scores to scaled scores takes such differences into account. The passing score for each assessment is established by the State Board of Education of Ohio and is based on the professional judgments and recommendations of Ohio educators. "Pass" or "Did Not Pass" status is based on your total score for each assessment.

Performance Indices. Performance indices are provided for each domain of the assessment. These indices can help you understand your areas of strength and weakness. This information should be interpreted with caution, since different domains contain different numbers of assessment questions. For each domain, your performance is reported according to the following performance indices:

	Performance Indices: Multiple-Choice Questions			
++++	Performance on the competencies included in the domain is well above the level represented by the minimum passing score.			
+++	Performance on the competencies included in the domain is just at or above the level represented by the minimum passing score.			
++	Performance on the competencies included in the domain is just below the level represented by the minimum passing score.			
+	Performance on the competencies included in the domain is well below the level represented by the minimum passing score.			

Constructed-Response Assignments Co (Assessments with a 4-Point Scoring Scale*) (A		onstructed-Response Assignments assessments with a 3-Point Scoring Scale*)	
++++	Response reflects a thorough understanding	+++	Response reflects a thorough understanding
++	Response reflects a general understanding	++	Response reflects a general understanding
+	Response reflects a limited understanding	+	Response reflects limited or no understanding
+	Response reflects little or no understanding		

^{*}See study guides at www.oh.educatortests.com



Each assessment framework describes the content knowledge assessed by the OAE: Initial Licensure. You may view, print, or download the framework for any OAE: Initial Licensure assessment by selecting "Assessment Frameworks" in the "Prepare" section of the OAE: Initial Licensure website at www.oh.educatortests.com.

If a response to a constructed-response assignment is designated "Blank" or "Unscorable," you will see one of the following codes:

	Codes for Blank/Unscorable Responses		
В	Response was blank		
U-1	Response was unrelated to assigned topic		
U-2	Response was unintelligible		
U-3	Response was not primarily in English		
U-4	Response lacked sufficient amount of original work		

Summary Report for Assessments with Two Subtests. Some OAE: Initial Licensure assessments are comprised of two subtests. If you took a two-subtest assessment, your score report will include an assessment summary. The assessment summary lists passing status information for each subtest within the assessment and includes the date on which you passed each subtest. Please note that for assessments composed of more than one subtest, you must pass both subtests for that assessment to meet Ohio licensure requirements.

Reporting of Scores. Your scores are reported directly to the Ohio Department of Education and the Ohio educator preparation institution(s) you indicated during the registration process. This score report is for your information only. Keep a copy for your permanent records.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Retaking the Assessment. You may retake an OAE: Initial Licensure assessment by following the same registration procedures you completed for previous assessment administrations. For information about retake policies, visit www.oh.educatortests.com.

Assessment Preparation Materials. Assessment preparation materials are available through the website you used to register for this assessment.



FirstName LastName 300 Venture Way Sample City, OH XXXXX

Assessment of Professional Knowledge: Multi-Age (PK-12) (004)
Minimum Passing Score: 220
Assessment Date: May 29, 2020

Status: Did Not Pass Your Score: 207

Domain	Performance Index
Student Development and Learning	+
Assessment, Instruction, and the Learning Environment	+++
The Professional Environment	+
Constructed Response Assignments	+++



Examinee Name: FirstName LastName



This barcode contains unique candidate information.

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Social Security Number: XXX-XX-XXXX



HOW TO READ YOUR SCORE REPORT

Overview. This score report provides your assessment results for the Ohio Assessments for Educators: Initial Licensure (OAE: Initial Licensure) that you took on the assessment date indicated on the report. The purpose of the OAE: Initial Licensure is to assess the knowledge and skills of a prospective Ohio educator. The OAE: Initial Licensure program helps the Ohio Department of Education and the State Board of Education of Ohio meet their goal of ensuring that candidates have the knowledge and skills needed to perform the job of an educator in Ohio schools.

Assessment Score. Your total assessment score is a scaled score. A scaled score is a combination of the number of scorable questions you answered correctly on the multiple-choice section of the assessment and the scores you received on any constructed-response assignments (if applicable) converted to a scale from 100 to 300, with a score of 220 representing the passing score for the assessment. The number of questions per competency may vary by test form. The total number of questions needed to pass the assessment may also vary across test forms as a result of variations in question difficulty. The conversion of raw scores to scaled scores takes such differences into account. The passing score for each assessment is established by the State Board of Education of Ohio and is based on the professional judgments and recommendations of Ohio educators. "Pass" or "Did Not Pass" status is based on your total score for each assessment.

Performance Indices. Performance indices are provided for each domain of the assessment. These indices can help you understand your areas of strength and weakness. This information should be interpreted with caution, since different domains contain different numbers of assessment questions. For each domain, your performance is reported according to the following performance indices:

	Performance Indices: Multiple-Choice Questions			
++++	Performance on the competencies included in the domain is well above the level represented by the minimum passing score.			
+++	Performance on the competencies included in the domain is just at or above the level represented by the minimum passing score.			
++	Performance on the competencies included in the domain is just below the level represented by the minimum passing score.			
+	Performance on the competencies included in the domain is well below the level represented by the minimum passing score.			

Performance Indices: Constructed-Response Assignments			
Constructed-Response Assignments (Assessments with a 4-Point Scoring Scale*)		Co (A	onstructed-Response Assignments sessments with a 3-Point Scoring Scale*)
++++	Response reflects a thorough understanding	+++	Response reflects a thorough understanding
+++	Response reflects a general understanding	++	Response reflects a general understanding
++	Response reflects a limited understanding	+	Response reflects limited or no understanding
+	Response reflects little or no understanding		

^{*}See study guides at www.oh.educatortests.com



Each assessment framework describes the content knowledge assessed by the OAE: Initial Licensure. You may view, print, or download the framework for any OAE: Initial Licensure assessment by selecting "Assessment Frameworks" in the "Prepare" section of the OAE: Initial Licensure website at www.oh.educatortests.com.

If a response to a constructed-response assignment is designated "Blank" or "Unscorable," you will see one of the following codes:

Codes for Blank/Unscorable Responses			
В	Response was blank		
U-1	Response was unrelated to assigned topic		
U-2	Response was unintelligible		
U-3	Response was not primarily in English		
U-4	Response lacked sufficient amount of original work		

Summary Report for Assessments with Two Subtests. Some OAE: Initial Licensure assessments are comprised of two subtests. If you took a two-subtest assessment, your score report will include an assessment summary. The assessment summary lists passing status information for each subtest within the assessment and includes the date on which you passed each subtest. Please note that for assessments composed of more than one subtest, you must pass both subtests for that assessment to meet Ohio licensure requirements.

Reporting of Scores. Your scores are reported directly to the Ohio Department of Education and the Ohio educator preparation institution(s) you indicated during the registration process. This score report is for your information only. Keep a copy for your permanent records.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Retaking the Assessment. You may retake an OAE: Initial Licensure assessment by following the same registration procedures you completed for previous assessment administrations. For information about retake policies, visit www.oh.educatortests.com.

Assessment Preparation Materials. Assessment preparation materials are available through the website you used to register for this assessment.



Detailed Performance Summary

Examinee Name: FirstName LastName **Assessment Date:** May 29, 2020

Assessment Name/Code: Assessment of Professional Knowledge: Multi-Age (PK-12) (004)

Multiple-Choice Performance

The multiple-choice section of the assessment contributed 80% of your total assessment score.

This section provides information about the number and percentage of questions answered correctly in each domain and competency.

Domain and Competency	No. of Scorable Questions on Assessment	No. of Questions Answered Correctly	Percent Correct
Student Development and Learning	24	13	54%
0001 Processes of human development	8	3	38%
0002 Learning processes	8	5	63%
0003 Student diversity	8	5	63%
Assessment, Instruction, and the Learning Environment	40	29	73%
0004 Assessment instruments and practices	8	7	88%
0005 Curricular and instructional planning	8	8	100%
0006 Various instructional approaches	8	4	50%
0007 Motivation and communication	8	6	75%
0008 Structure and manage the classroom	8	4	50%
The Professional Environment	16	8	50%
0009 Establish partnerships and collaborate	8	6	75%
0010 Roles and expectations for professional educators	8	2	25%

Note: Results for competencies with fewer than five scorable questions should be read with caution. The number of questions per competency will vary by test form. The total number of questions needed to pass the test may also vary across test forms as a result of variations in question difficulty. The conversion of raw scores to scaled scores takes such differences into account.

Examinee Name: FirstName LastName



This barcode contains unique candidate information.

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Social Security Number: XXX-XX-XXXX



Detailed Performance Summary

Examinee Name: FirstName LastName **Assessment Date:** May 29, 2020

Assessment Name/Code: Assessment of Professional Knowledge: Multi-Age (PK-12) (004)

Constructed-Response Performance

The constructed-response section of the assessment contributed 20% of your total assessment score. This section provides information about your performance for each constructed-response assignment.

Written Assignment: Case Study:

Maximum number of points for the assignment: 8

Total number of points you received for the assignment: 7

Your response reflects thorough or general understanding of the relevant knowledge and skills as defined in the relevant OAE framework objectives. The response reflects one or more of the following characteristics.

• The response thoroughly or largely achieves the purpose of the assignment.

- The response demonstrates an accurate and effective or generally accurate and effective application of relevant content knowledge.
- The response provides relevant support.
- The response reflects sound or generally sound reasoning about the topic.

Written Assignment: Work Product:

Maximum number of points for the assignment: 8

Total number of points you received for the assignment: 6

Your response reflects a general understanding of the relevant knowledge and skills as defined in the relevant OAE framework objectives.

- The response largely achieves the purpose of the assignment.
- The response demonstrates a generally accurate and generally effective application of relevant content knowledge.
- The response provides some relevant support.
- The response reflects generally sound reasoning about the topic.



Examinee Name: FirstName LastName



This barcode contains unique candidate information.

Social Security Number: XXX-XX-XXXX

Appendix B:	Test Form Statisti	ics Report for ' Tests Taken	Test Fields with More)
	<u>-</u>			

September 1, 2020 - August 31, 2021		Number of Tests	Т	Multiple-Choice Section		Constructed-Response Section				
Test Field*	Form**	Taken***	Meana	SEM ^b	Decision Consistency ^c	Stratified Alpha ^d	Lengthe	KR20 ^f	Lengthe	G Coefficient ^g
	A	198	242	12.1	0.90	0.86	80	0.87	2	0.27
	В	182	239	11.9	0.90	0.81	80	0.81	2	0.38
	C	181	244	11.9	0.93	0.86	80	0.86	2	0.38
	D	176	246	12.2	0.94	0.80	80	0.80	2	0.22
001 Assessment of Professional	E	170	241	12.0	0.92	0.83	80	0.83	2	0.19
Knowledge: Early Childhood (PK-3)	F	169	247	11.9	0.93	0.89	80	0.89	2	0.47
	G	158	242	12.4	0.92	0.79	80	0.78	2	0.35
	Н	150	243	11.9	0.92	0.82	80	0.82	2	0.35
	J	143	243	12.6	0.93	0.77	80	0.80	2	0.12
	K	142	242	12.0	0.92	0.87	80	0.88	2	0.36
	A	110	236	13.9	0.83	0.79	80	0.77	2	0.45
	В	107	238	13.7	0.84	0.73	80	0.72	2	0.43
002 Assessment of Professional	C	105	242	14.0	0.84	0.77	80	0.77	2	0.37
Knowledge: Middle Childhood (4-9)	D	94	237				80		2	
	E	88	240				80		2	
	F	83	237				80		2	

a - the mean total test scaled scores achieved by the candidates taking the test form

b - the standard error of measurement of the total test scaled scores

c - a reliability statistic that describes the consistency of the pass/fail decision on the total test scaled score

d - an estimate of total test reliability for a test containing multiple item types (e.g., multiple-choice, constructed-response items)

e - the number of scorable items in the multiple-choice or constructed-response section

f - an overall test consistency (reliability) estimate based on a single test administration (Kuder-Richardson formula 20)

³³

September 1, 2020 - August 31, 2021		Number of Tests	Т	otal Test Sc	Multiple-Choice Section		Constructed-Response Section			
Test Field*	Form**	Taken***	Meana	SEM ^b	Decision Consistency ^c	Stratified Alpha ^d	Lengthe	KR20 ^f	Lengthe	G Coefficient ^g
	A	165	251	11.2	0.96	0.83	80	0.80	2	0.58
	В	161	250	11.4	0.96	0.82	80	0.81	2	0.46
	C	116	247	11.6	0.97	0.87	80	0.87	2	0.33
	D	102	253	11.8	0.97	0.82	80	0.79	2	0.46
003 Assessment of Professional	E	79	252				80		2	
Knowledge: Adolescence to Young Adult (7-12)	F	77	250				80		2	
	G	71	253				80		2	
	Н	60	255				80		2	
	J	58	252				80		2	
	K	58	257				80		2	

a - the mean total test scaled scores achieved by the candidates taking the test form

b - the standard error of measurement of the total test scaled scores

c - a reliability statistic that describes the consistency of the pass/fail decision on the total test scaled score

d - an estimate of total test reliability for a test containing multiple item types (e.g., multiple-choice, constructed-response items)

e - the number of scorable items in the multiple-choice or constructed-response section

f - an overall test consistency (reliability) estimate based on a single test administration (Kuder-Richardson formula 20)

³⁴

September 1, 2020 - August 31, 2021		Number of Tests	Т	Multiple-Choice Section		Constructed-Response Section				
Test Field*	Form**	Taken***	Meana	SEM ^b	Decision Consistency ^c	Stratified Alpha ^d	Lengthe	KR20 ^f	Lengthe	G Coefficient ^g
	A	425	243	13.0	0.90	0.85	80	0.86	2	0.23
	В	422	243	12.8	0.92	0.84	80	0.84	2	0.35
	C	241	246	13.5	0.93	0.79	80	0.80	2	0.24
	D	213	240	13.2	0.89	0.81	80	0.81	2	0.33
	E	163	246	13.0	0.92	0.82	80	0.81	2	0.27
004 Assessment of Professional Knowledge: Multi-Age (PK-12)	F	143	246	12.6	0.94	0.88	80	0.88	2	0.37
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	G	61	242				80		2	
	Н	56	242				80		2	
	J	49	253				80		2	
	K	42	243				80		2	
	L	13	246				80		2	
006 Art	A	136	233	9.7	0.85		120	0.86		
000 Art	В	133	229	10.2	0.86		120	0.89		
007 Piology	A	96	214				120			
007 Biology	В	92	209				120			

a - the mean total test scaled scores achieved by the candidates taking the test form

b - the standard error of measurement of the total test scaled scores

c - a reliability statistic that describes the consistency of the pass/fail decision on the total test scaled score

d - an estimate of total test reliability for a test containing multiple item types (e.g., multiple-choice, constructed-response items)

e - the number of scorable items in the multiple-choice or constructed-response section

f - an overall test consistency (reliability) estimate based on a single test administration (Kuder-Richardson formula 20)

³⁵

September 1, 2020 - August 31, 2021		Number of Tests	Т	otal Test So	Multiple-Choice Section		Constructed-Response Section			
Test Field*	Form**	Taken***	Meana	SEM ^b	Decision Consistency ^c	Stratified Alpha ^d	Lengthe	KR20 ^f	Lengthe	G Coefficient ^g
	A	273	240	8.0	0.89		120	0.88		
	В	272	240	8.1	0.87		120	0.88		
	C	251	238	8.6	0.86		120	0.83		
	D	232	237	8.8	0.90		120	0.84		
	E	222	240	8.6	0.88		120	0.86		
012 Fouls Childhood Education	F	182	240	8.4	0.91		120	0.87		
012 Early Childhood Education	G	102	246	8.0	0.91		120	0.86		
	Н	93	242				120			
	J	93	246				120			
	K	93	242				120			
	L	85	247				120			
	M	82	245				120			

a - the mean total test scaled scores achieved by the candidates taking the test form

b - the standard error of measurement of the total test scaled scores

c - a reliability statistic that describes the consistency of the pass/fail decision on the total test scaled score

d - an estimate of total test reliability for a test containing multiple item types (e.g., multiple-choice, constructed-response items)

e - the number of scorable items in the multiple-choice or constructed-response section

f - an overall test consistency (reliability) estimate based on a single test administration (Kuder-Richardson formula 20)

³⁶

September 1, 2020 - August 31	, 2021	Number of Tests	Т	otal Test S	caled Score Ind	ices		e-Choice tion		cted-Response Section
Test Field*	Form**	Taken***	Meana	SEM ^b	Decision Consistency ^c	Stratified Alpha ^d	Lengthe	KR20 ^f	Lengthe	G Coefficient ^g
	A	158	231	11.3	0.79		80	0.77		
	В	139	227	11.5	0.74		80	0.77		
	C	137	226	11.5	0.75		80	0.77		
013 Early Childhood Special	D	119	225	11.9	0.79		80	0.75		
Education	E	97	227				80			
	F	90	226				80			
	G	73	223				80			
	Н	70	226				80			
	A	332	239	10.3	0.91	0.75	60	0.76	4	0.46
	В	323	242	10.4	0.92	0.78	60	0.77	4	0.50
	C	313	238	10.3	0.89	0.75	60	0.74	4	0.53
015 Educational Landoushin	D	281	239	10.8	0.92	0.72	60	0.76	4	0.44
015 Educational Leadership	E	21	231				60		4	
	F	15	237				60		4	
	G	10	232				60		4	
	Н	5					60		4	

a - the mean total test scaled scores achieved by the candidates taking the test form

b - the standard error of measurement of the total test scaled scores

c - a reliability statistic that describes the consistency of the pass/fail decision on the total test scaled score

d - an estimate of total test reliability for a test containing multiple item types (e.g., multiple-choice, constructed-response items)

e - the number of scorable items in the multiple-choice or constructed-response section

f - an overall test consistency (reliability) estimate based on a single test administration (Kuder-Richardson formula 20)

³⁷

September 1, 2020 - August 31,	ptember 1, 2020 - August 31, 2021		Т	otal Test Sc	ices	Multiple-Choice Section		Constructed-Response Section		
Test Field*	Form**	of Tests Taken***	Meana	SEM ^b	Decision Consistency ^c	Stratified Alpha ^d	Lengthe	KR20 ^f	Lengthe	G Coefficient ^g
	A	289	231	12.3	0.76		60	0.76		
	В	289	234	11.7	0.81		60	0.79		
	C	285	234	11.7	0.83		60	0.81		
018 Elementary Education Subtest	D	268	232	11.7	0.83		60	0.82		
I	E	248	227	12.8	0.79		60	0.75		
	F	239	231	12.3	0.77		60	0.77		
	G	228	229	12.8	0.78		60	0.76		
	Н	212	230	12.2	0.77		60	0.77		

a - the mean total test scaled scores achieved by the candidates taking the test form

b - the standard error of measurement of the total test scaled scores

c - a reliability statistic that describes the consistency of the pass/fail decision on the total test scaled score

d - an estimate of total test reliability for a test containing multiple item types (e.g., multiple-choice, constructed-response items)

e - the number of scorable items in the multiple-choice or constructed-response section

f - an overall test consistency (reliability) estimate based on a single test administration (Kuder-Richardson formula 20)

September 1, 2020 - August 31,	2021	Number of Tests	Т	otal Test So	caled Score Ind	ices		e-Choice tion		cted-Response ection
Test Field*	Form**	Taken***	Meana	SEM ^b	Decision Consistency ^c	Stratified Alpha ^d	Lengthe	KR20 ^f	Lengthe	G Coefficient ^g
	A	554	221	13.6	0.76		60	0.76		
	В	539	220	13.7	0.78		60	0.80		
	C	519	222	13.7	0.77		60	0.77		
	D	506	220	13.6	0.77		60	0.77		
019 Elementary Education Subtest II	E	76	222				60			
	F	71	236				60			
	G	57	224				60			
	Н	44	235				60			
	J	18	212				60			
020 English Language Auto	A	328	236	9.2	0.89		120	0.92		
020 English Language Arts	В	315	237	8.5	0.88		120	0.91		
	A	106	250	7.8	0.93		120	0.91		
021 English to Speakers of Other	В	93	251				120			
Languages (ESOL)	C	91	249				120			
	D	78	251				120			

a - the mean total test scaled scores achieved by the candidates taking the test form

b - the standard error of measurement of the total test scaled scores

c - a reliability statistic that describes the consistency of the pass/fail decision on the total test scaled score

d - an estimate of total test reliability for a test containing multiple item types (e.g., multiple-choice, constructed-response items)

e - the number of scorable items in the multiple-choice or constructed-response section

f - an overall test consistency (reliability) estimate based on a single test administration (Kuder-Richardson formula 20)

³⁹

September 1, 2020 - August 31	, 2021	Number of Tests	Т	otal Test So	caled Score Ind	ices	Multiple-Choice Section		Constructed-Response Section	
Test Field*	Form**	Taken***	Meana	SEM ^b	Decision Consistency ^c	Stratified Alpha ^d	Lengthe	KR20 ^f	Lengthe	G Coefficient ^g
022 Haaldh	A	107	242	11.1	0.93		80	0.80		
023 Health	В	71	236				80			
024 Integrated Science	A	124	240	6.7	0.93		120	0.94		
024 Integrated Science	В	115	235	7.0	0.91		120	0.93		
	A	122	226	7.4	0.83		120	0.90		
	В	118	233	7.4	0.85		120	0.91		
	C	111	227	7.4	0.83		120	0.89		-
025 Integrated Social Studies	D	107	229	7.5	0.86		120	0.89		
025 Integrated Social Studies	E	98	228				120			
	F	96	221				120			
	G	61	227				120			
	Н	57	233				120			

a - the mean total test scaled scores achieved by the candidates taking the test form

b - the standard error of measurement of the total test scaled scores

c - a reliability statistic that describes the consistency of the pass/fail decision on the total test scaled score

d - an estimate of total test reliability for a test containing multiple item types (e.g., multiple-choice, constructed-response items)

e - the number of scorable items in the multiple-choice or constructed-response section

f - an overall test consistency (reliability) estimate based on a single test administration (Kuder-Richardson formula 20)

⁴⁰

September 1, 2020 - August 31,	2021	Number of Tests	Т	otal Test So	caled Score Ind	ices		e-Choice tion		cted-Response Section
Test Field*	Form**	Taken***	Meana	SEM ^b	Decision Consistency ^c	Stratified Alpha ^d	Lengthe	KR20 ^f	Lengthe	G Coefficient ^g
	A	120	219	7.9	0.88		120	0.94		
	В	115	221	7.7	0.88		120	0.93		
	C	57	225				120			
027 M - 41 43	D	49	213				120			
027 Mathematics	E	47	212				120			
	F	39	215				120			
	G	34	225				120			
	Н	33	219				120			
	A	264	245	8.7	0.89		100	0.85		
028 Middle Grades English	В	260	244	8.9	0.90		100	0.83		
Language Arts	C	10	241				100			
	D	6					100			
020 Middle Cuedes Seione	A	276	236	7.2	0.87		100	0.91		
029 Middle Grades Science	В	263	234	7.1	0.87		100	0.91		
030 Middle Grades Mathematics	A	313	233	7.7	0.87		100	0.92		
USU MIGGIE Grades Mathematics	В	305	230	8.2	0.83		100	0.91		

a - the mean total test scaled scores achieved by the candidates taking the test form

b - the standard error of measurement of the total test scaled scores

c - a reliability statistic that describes the consistency of the pass/fail decision on the total test scaled score

d - an estimate of total test reliability for a test containing multiple item types (e.g., multiple-choice, constructed-response items)

e - the number of scorable items in the multiple-choice or constructed-response section

f - an overall test consistency (reliability) estimate based on a single test administration (Kuder-Richardson formula 20)

⁴¹

September 1, 2020 - August 31,	of Tests		Т	otal Test Sc	ices	Multiple-Choice Section		Constructed-Response Section		
Test Field*	Form**	Taken***	Meana	SEM ^b	Decision Consistency ^c	Stratified Alpha ^d	Lengthe	KR20 ^f	Lengthe	G Coefficient ^g
	A	184	229	8.2	0.87		100	0.89		
031 Middle Grades Social Studies	В	184	228	8.1	0.82		100	0.86		
051 Middle Grades Social Studies	C	175	225	7.8	0.79		100	0.87		
	D	161	226	7.9	0.80		100	0.85		
	A	216	235	10.0	0.85		120	0.84		
032 Music	В	215	234	9.9	0.82		120	0.84		
USZ IVIUSIC	C	7					120			
	D	5					120			
034 Physical Education	A	138	225	9.6	0.85		120	0.87		
034 Physical Education	В	132	227	9.5	0.86		120	0.86		

a - the mean total test scaled scores achieved by the candidates taking the test form

 $[\]emph{b}$ - the standard error of measurement of the total test scaled scores

c - a reliability statistic that describes the consistency of the pass/fail decision on the total test scaled score

d - an estimate of total test reliability for a test containing multiple item types (e.g., multiple-choice, constructed-response items)

e - the number of scorable items in the multiple-choice or constructed-response section

f - an overall test consistency (reliability) estimate based on a single test administration (Kuder-Richardson formula 20)

⁴²

September 1, 2020 - August 31,	2021	Number of Tests	Т	otal Test So	caled Score Ind	ices		e-Choice tion		cted-Response Section
Test Field*	Form**	Taken***	Meana	SEM ^b	Decision Consistency ^c	Stratified Alpha ^d	Lengthe	KR20 ^f	Lengthe	G Coefficient ^g
	A	107	258	14.7	0.96	0.77	54	0.74	2	0.41
	В	107	257	15.2	0.98		54	0.75	2	0.00
	С	91	254				54		2	
020 Dooding Subtest I	D	84	257				54		2	
038 Reading Subtest I	E	62	254				54		2	-
	F	61	256				54		2	
	G	41	263				54		2	
	Н	34	265				54		2	
	A	116	257	14.8	0.97	0.72	54	0.74	2	0.34
	В	100	257	14.6	0.97	0.75	54	0.76	2	0.46
	C	90	257				54		2	
020 Dooding Subtost II	D	84	255				54		2	
039 Reading Subtest II	E	66	253				54		2	1
	F	59	251				54		2	-
	G	40	259				54		2	
	Н	37	255				54		2	

a - the mean total test scaled scores achieved by the candidates taking the test form

b - the standard error of measurement of the total test scaled scores

c - a reliability statistic that describes the consistency of the pass/fail decision on the total test scaled score

d - an estimate of total test reliability for a test containing multiple item types (e.g., multiple-choice, constructed-response items)

e - the number of scorable items in the multiple-choice or constructed-response section

f - an overall test consistency (reliability) estimate based on a single test administration (Kuder-Richardson formula 20)

⁴³

September 1, 2020 - August 31,	of Tests		Т	otal Test Sc	ices	Multiple-Choice Section		Constructed-Response Section		
Test Field*	Form**	Taken***	Meana	SEM ^b	Decision Consistency ^c	Stratified Alpha ^d	Lengthe	KR20 ^f	Lengthe	G Coefficient ^g
	A	112	227	11.1	0.87		120	0.81		
	В	110	219	11.3	0.78		120	0.83		
040 School Counselor	C	100	218	11.1	0.79		120	0.82		
040 School Counselor	D	96	225				120			
	E	50	226	1		1	120	1		
	F	37	228				120			

a - the mean total test scaled scores achieved by the candidates taking the test form

b - the standard error of measurement of the total test scaled scores

c - a reliability statistic that describes the consistency of the pass/fail decision on the total test scaled score

d - an estimate of total test reliability for a test containing multiple item types (e.g., multiple-choice, constructed-response items)

e - the number of scorable items in the multiple-choice or constructed-response section

f - an overall test consistency (reliability) estimate based on a single test administration (Kuder-Richardson formula 20)

¹¹

September 1, 2020 - August 31,	2021	Number of Tests	Т	otal Test Se	caled Score Ind	ices		e-Choice ction		cted-Response Section
Test Field*	Form**	Taken***	Meana	SEM ^b	Decision Consistency ^c	Stratified Alpha ^d	Lengthe	KR20 ^f	Lengthe	G Coefficient ^g
	A	266	235	9.5	0.86		120	0.88		
	В	242	236	9.6	0.86		120	0.86		
	C	222	233	9.5	0.87		120	0.89		
	D	215	232	9.6	0.87		120	0.89		
	E	214	232	9.8	0.80		120	0.84		
	F	214	232	10.0	0.83		120	0.84		
043 Special Education	G	214	233	9.6	0.86		120	0.89		
	Н	207	232	9.3	0.91		120	0.89		
	J	143	233	10.0	0.86		120	0.84		
	K	123	230	9.6	0.87		120	0.89		
	L	42	236				120			
	M	24	221				120			
	N	19	241				120			
	A	80	244				100			
053 Gifted Education	В	71	242				100			
	C	4					100			

a - the mean total test scaled scores achieved by the candidates taking the test form

b - the standard error of measurement of the total test scaled scores

c - a reliability statistic that describes the consistency of the pass/fail decision on the total test scaled score

d - an estimate of total test reliability for a test containing multiple item types (e.g., multiple-choice, constructed-response items)

e - the number of scorable items in the multiple-choice or constructed-response section

f - an overall test consistency (reliability) estimate based on a single test administration (Kuder-Richardson formula 20)

⁴⁵

September 1, 2020 - August 31,	2021	Number of Tests	Т	otal Test Sc	aled Score Ind	ices	_	e-Choice tion	Constructed-Response Section	
Test Field*	Form**	Taken***	Meana	SEM ^b	Decision Consistency ^c	Stratified Alpha ^d	Lengthe	KR20 ^f	Lengthe	G Coefficient ^g
	A	1,196	229	12.2	0.86	0.84	85	0.84	2	0.40
	В	1,177	230	12.3	0.84	0.85	85	0.85	2	0.31
	C	696	235	12.0	0.86	0.84	85	0.84	2	0.36
	D	652	235	12.1	0.86	0.85	85	0.85	2	0.40
	E	540	231	12.2	0.84	0.85	85	0.84	2	0.39
000 Faundations of Deading	F	515	231	12.1	0.85	0.84	85	0.84	2	0.35
090 Foundations of Reading	G	484	232	12.3	0.84	0.84	85	0.85	2	0.32
	Н	441	233	12.1	0.87	0.84	85	0.84	2	0.33
	J	265	237	11.6	0.89	0.85	85	0.86	2	0.29
	K	258	236	11.4	0.91	0.88	85	0.89	2	0.47
	L	218	232	12.0	0.90	0.83	85	0.86	2	0.05
	M	213	236	11.5	0.92	0.85	85	0.85	2	0.34

a - the mean total test scaled scores achieved by the candidates taking the test form

b - the standard error of measurement of the total test scaled scores

c - a reliability statistic that describes the consistency of the pass/fail decision on the total test scaled score

d - an estimate of total test reliability for a test containing multiple item types (e.g., multiple-choice, constructed-response items)

e - the number of scorable items in the multiple-choice or constructed-response section

f - an overall test consistency (reliability) estimate based on a single test administration (Kuder-Richardson formula 20)

⁴⁶

Appendix C:	Test Form Statistics Repo than 100 Tests	ort for Test Fields with Fewer Taken

Test Form Statistics Report For Test Fields With Fewer Than 100 Tests Taken Per Test Form

September 1, 2020 - August 31, 202	1	Number of Tests	Total Test Scaled Score	Multiple- Choice Section	Constructed- Response Section
Test Field*	Form**	Taken***	Score Mean ^a	Length ^b	Length ^b
005 Agriscience	A	46	238	80	
008 Business Education	A	33	221	120	
000 Business Education	В	24	230	120	
009 Chemistry	A	30	233	120	
009 Chemistry	В	23	223	120	
011 Dance	A	6		80	
014 Earth and Space Science	A	22	222	120	
014 Earth and Space Science	В	17	215	120	
016 Computer/Technology Subtest I	A	42	262	56	2
oro Computer/ rechnology Subtest 1	В	36	269	56	2
017 Computer/Technology Subtest II	A	45	259	32	3
of / Computer / Technology Subtest 11	В	35	257	32	3
022 Family and Consumer Sciences	A	49	229	120	
026 Marketing	A	3		80	
035 Physics	A	21	226	120	
USS I HYSICS	В	17	228	120	
036 Prekindergarten Subtest I	A	25	236	54	2
050 1 Tekningergarten Subtest 1	В	24	230	54	2
037 Prekindergarten Subtest II	A	25	239	54	2
05/11ekindergarten Subtest II	В	15	238	54	2

NOTES: *, **, *** - test field, test form administered, and the number of times the test form was taken, respectively

a - the mean total test scaled scores achieved by the candidates taking the test form b - the number of scorable items in the multiple-choice or constructed-response section

September 1, 2020 - August 31, 2021		Number of Tests	Total Test Scaled Score	Multiple- Choice Section	Constructed- Response Section	
Test Field*	Form**	Taken***	Mean ^a	Length ^b	Length ^b	
041 School Library Media Specialist	A	24	216	120		
	В	22	228	120		
044 Special Education Specialist: Deaf/Hard of Hearing	A	24	241	80		
045 Special Education Specialist: Visually Impaired	A	60	230	64	1	
046 Technology Education Subtest I	A	9		36	3	
047 Technology Education Subtest II	A	8		60	3	
048 Theater	A	18	229	85	2	
050 American Sign Language (ASL) Assessment for World Language Teachers of ASL (Subtest I)	A	25	236	40		
051 American Sign Language (ASL) Assessment for World Language Teachers of ASL (Subtest II)	A	12	287	40	4	
054 Computer Science	A	52	255	100		

Appendix D: Test Field Statistics Report for Test Fields with Constructed-Response Items

Test Field Statistics Report For Test Fields With Constructed-Response Items

September 1, 2020 - August 31, 2021 Test and Items		Number of Tests Taken ^a	Number of Valid Scores ^b	Constructed-Response Prompts			
				Scorer Agreement (%)			Inter-rater
				Agreement ^c	Exact ^d Adjacent		D 1: 1 11:4 f
001 Assessment of Professional Knowledge: Early Childhood (PK-3)	1	1,669	1,669	99.4	71.7	27.7	0.66
	2	1,669	1,666	99.4	71.8	27.6	0.76
002 Assessment of Professional Knowledge: Middle Childhood (4-9)	1	587	586	99.8	67.7	32.1	0.70
	2	587	583	99.7	69.6	30.0	0.79
003 Assessment of Professional Knowledge: Adolescence to Young Adult (7-12)	1	947	941	99.1	68.3	30.8	0.69
	2	947	940	99.7	68.4	31.3	0.72
004 Assessment of Professional Knowledge: Multi-Age (PK-12)	1	1,828	1,822	99.1	69.8	29.3	0.73
	2	1,828	1,817	98.7	71.2	27.5	0.82
015 Educational Leadership	1	1,300	1,300	99.6	68.5	31.2	0.61
	2	1,300	1,299	99.3	70.3	29.0	0.58
	3	1,300	1,297	98.8	67.5	31.3	0.71
	4	1,300	1,293	99.1	69.4	29.7	0.55
038 Reading Subtest I	1	587	585	97.9	62.9	35.0	0.69
	2	587	586	99.7	67.2	32.4	0.74
039 Reading Subtest II	1	592	591	99.7	70.1	29.6	0.70
	2	592	590	98.6	67.3	31.4	0.73
090 Foundations of Reading	1	6,655	6,655	99.9	78.8	21.1	0.78
	2	6,655	6,650	99.8	84.2	15.6	0.92

NOTES: a - the number of times the test was taken

b - the number of scorable responses included in the calculations

c - overall agreement determined by summing exact and adjacent agreement

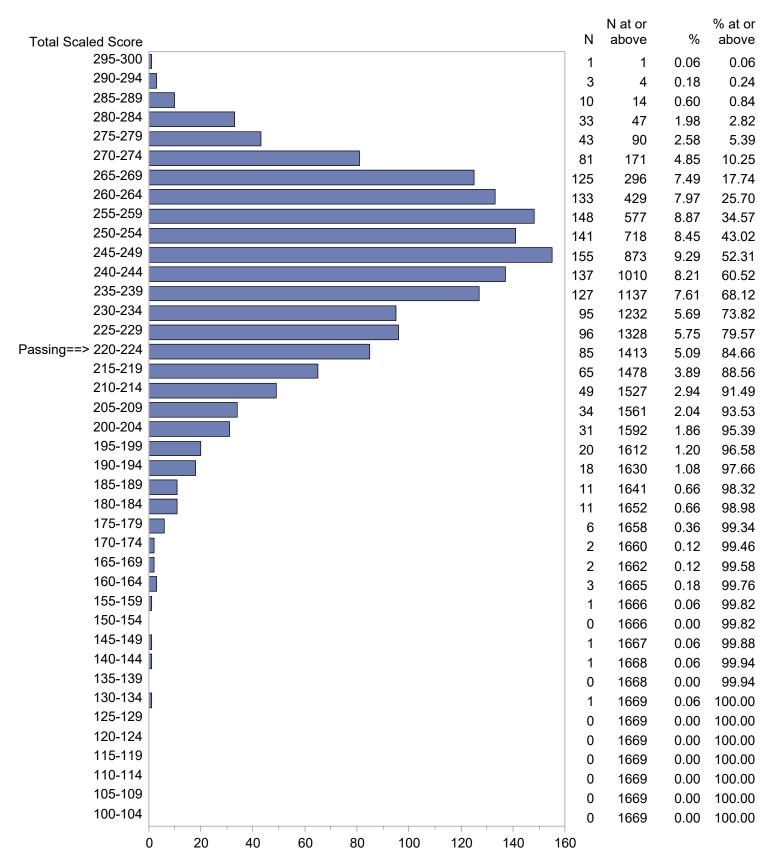
d - the percentage of scores in which the first two scorers were in exact agreement

e - the percentage of scores in which the two scorers assigned adjacent scores

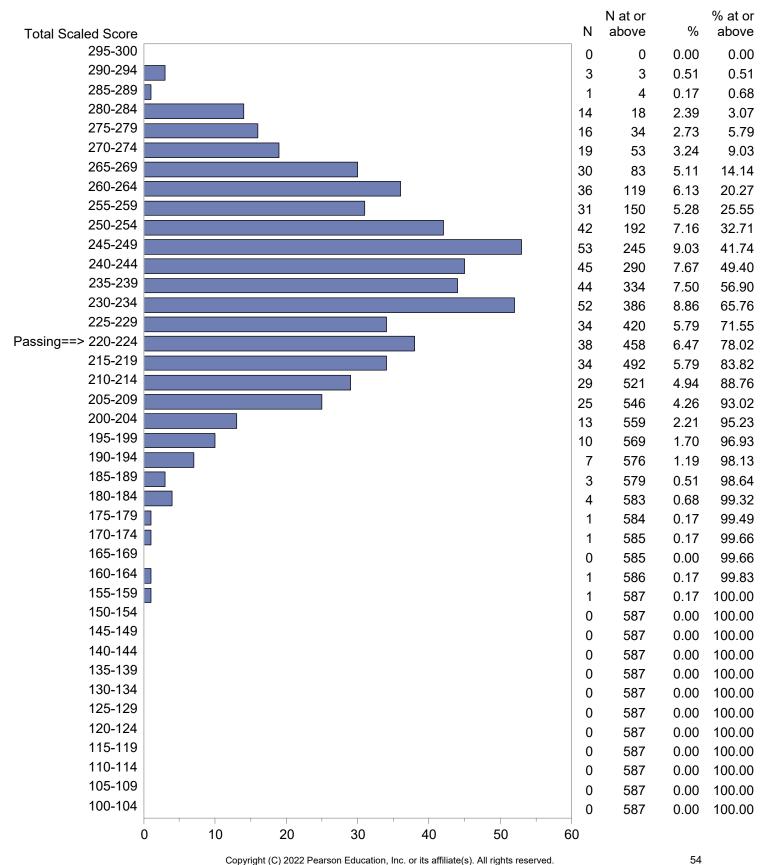
f - the intraclass correlation between the first and second score assigned to each response, corrected using the Spearman-Brown formula

Appendix E:	Total Scaled Score Dis	tribution by Test Field	

Test Field=001 Assessment of Professional Knowledge: Early Childhood (PK-3)

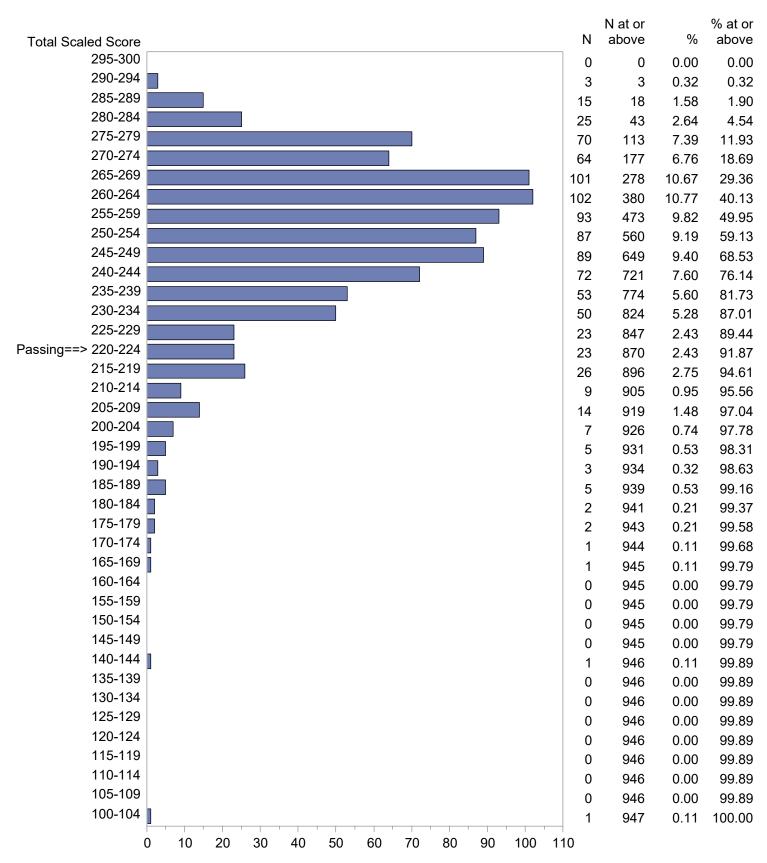


Test Field=002 Assessment of Professional Knowledge: Middle Childhood (4-9)

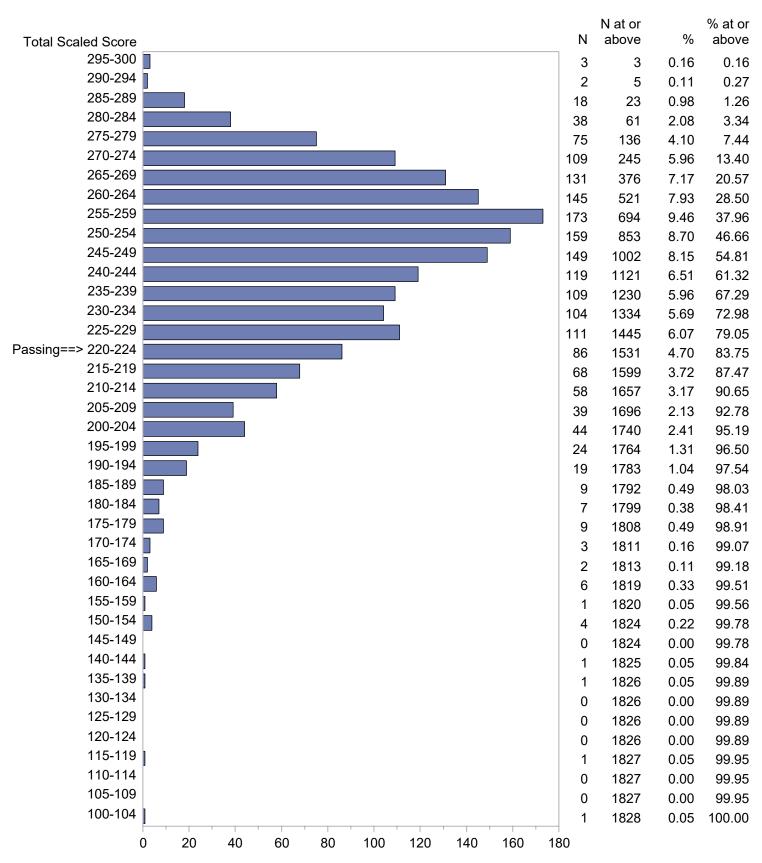


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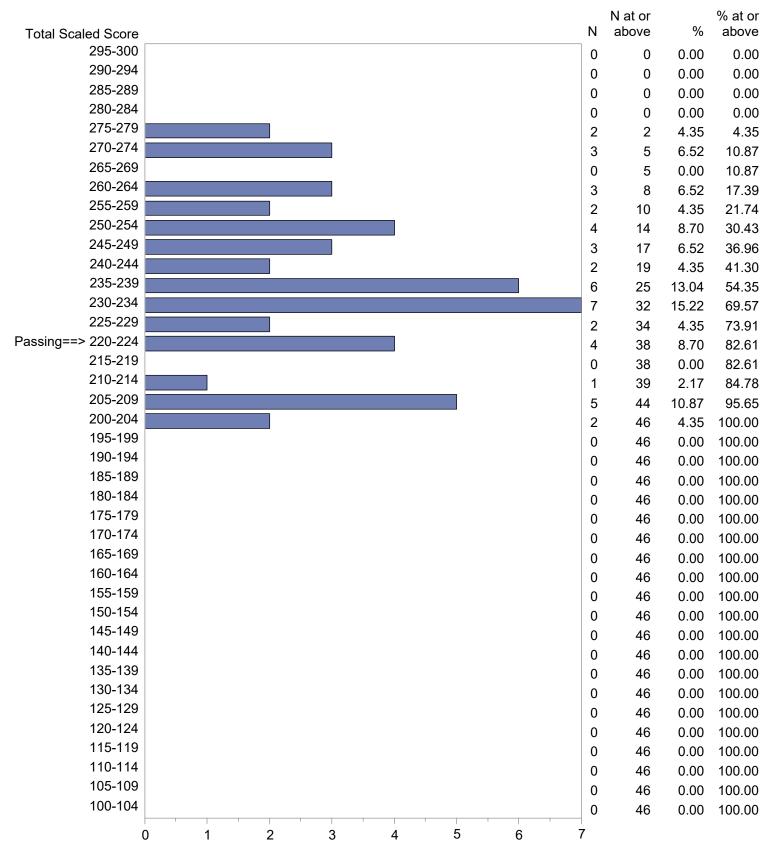
Test Field=003 Assessment of Professional Knowledge: Adolescence to Young Adult (7-12)



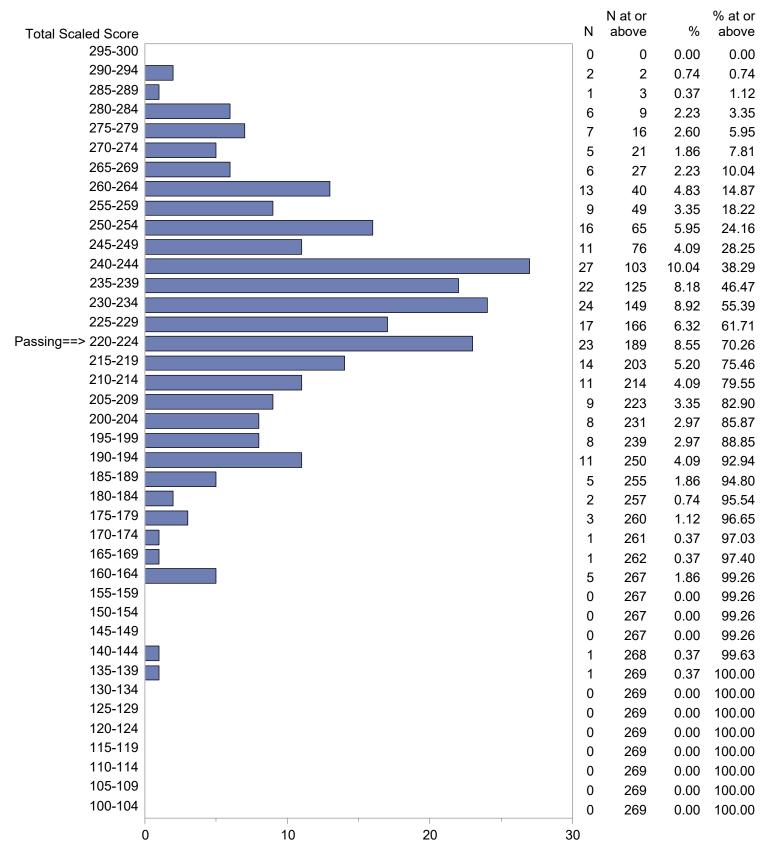
Test Field=004 Assessment of Professional Knowledge: Multi-Age (PK-12)



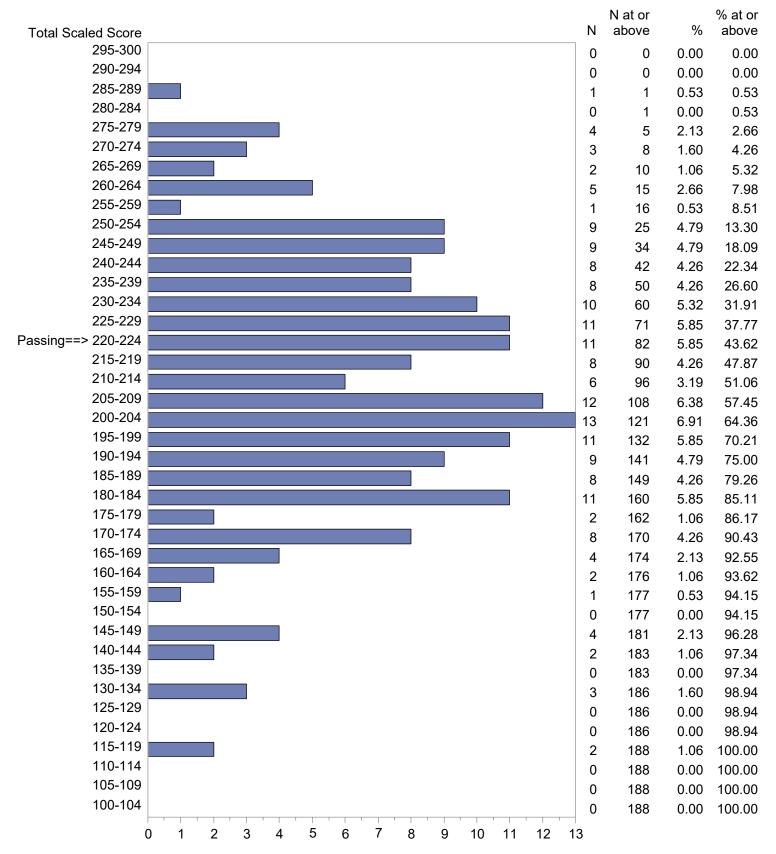
Test Field=005 Agriscience



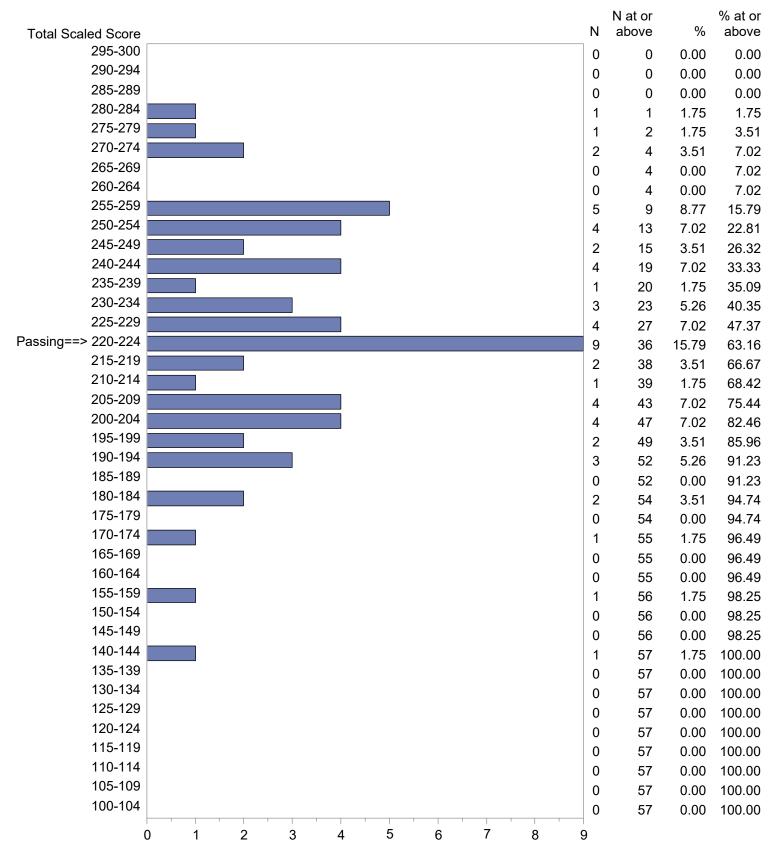
Test Field=006 Art



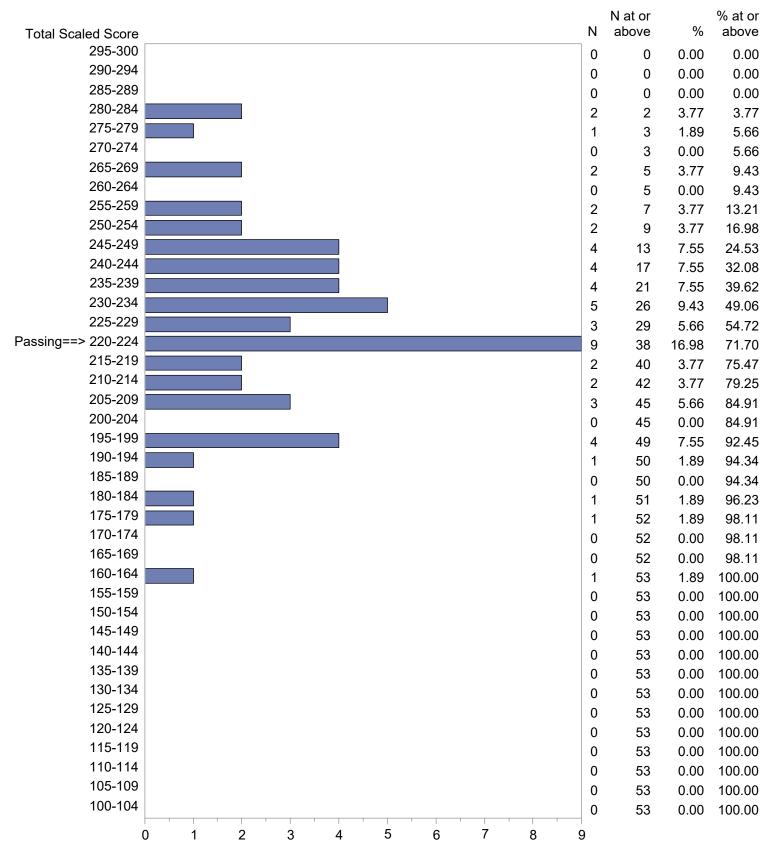
Test Field=007 Biology



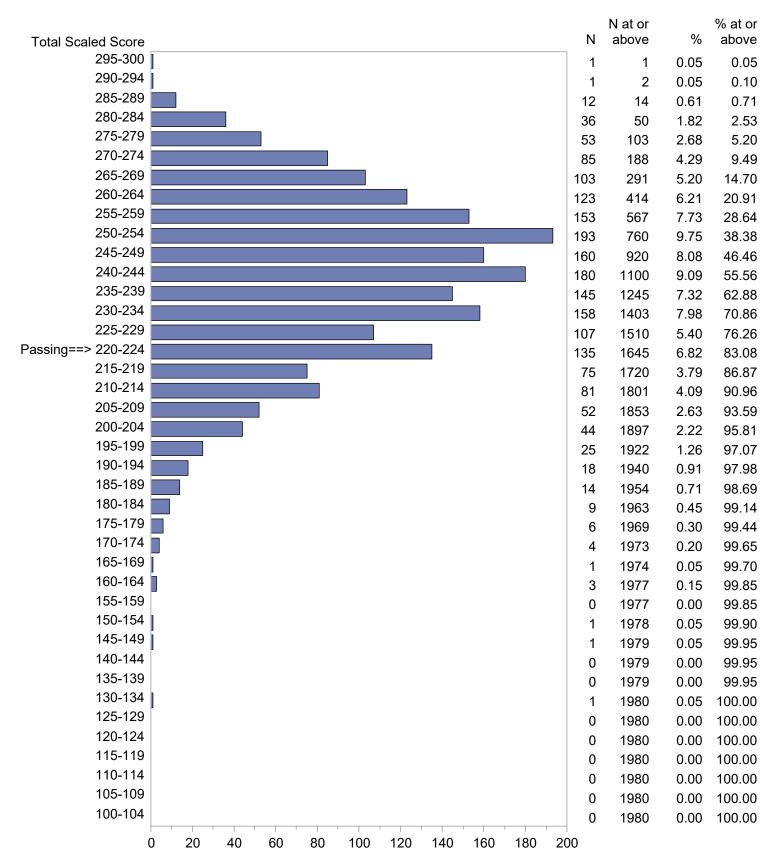
Test Field=008 Business Education



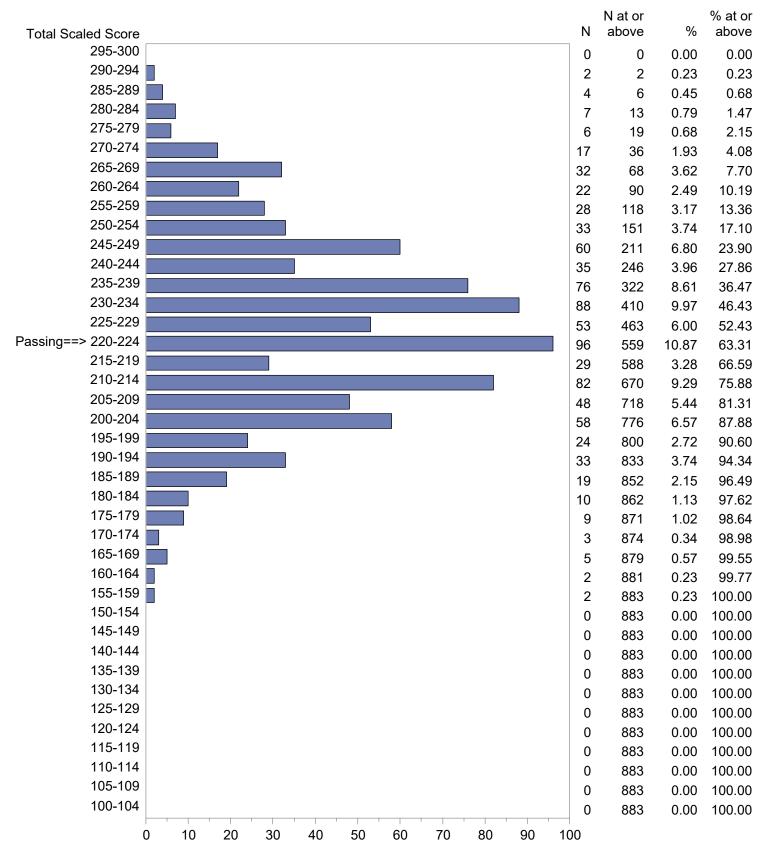
Test Field=009 Chemistry



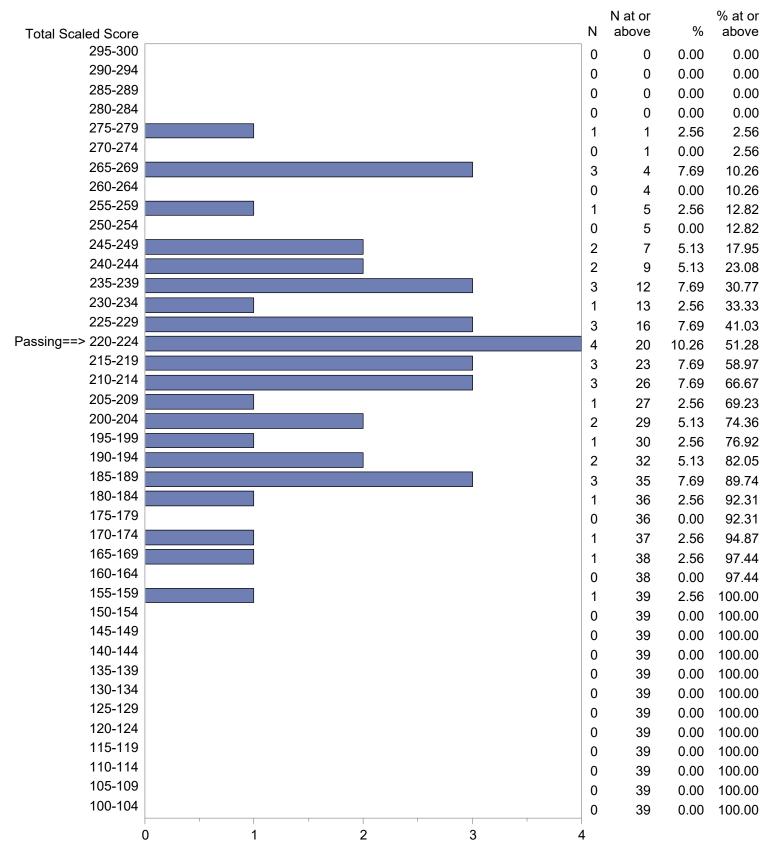
Test Field=012 Early Childhood Education



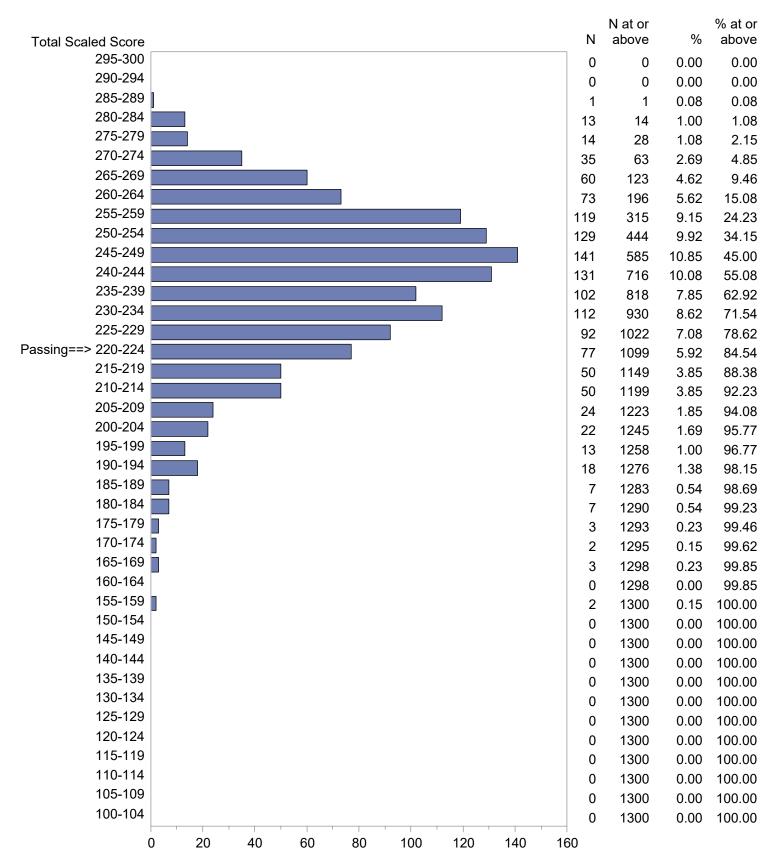
Test Field=013 Early Childhood Special Education



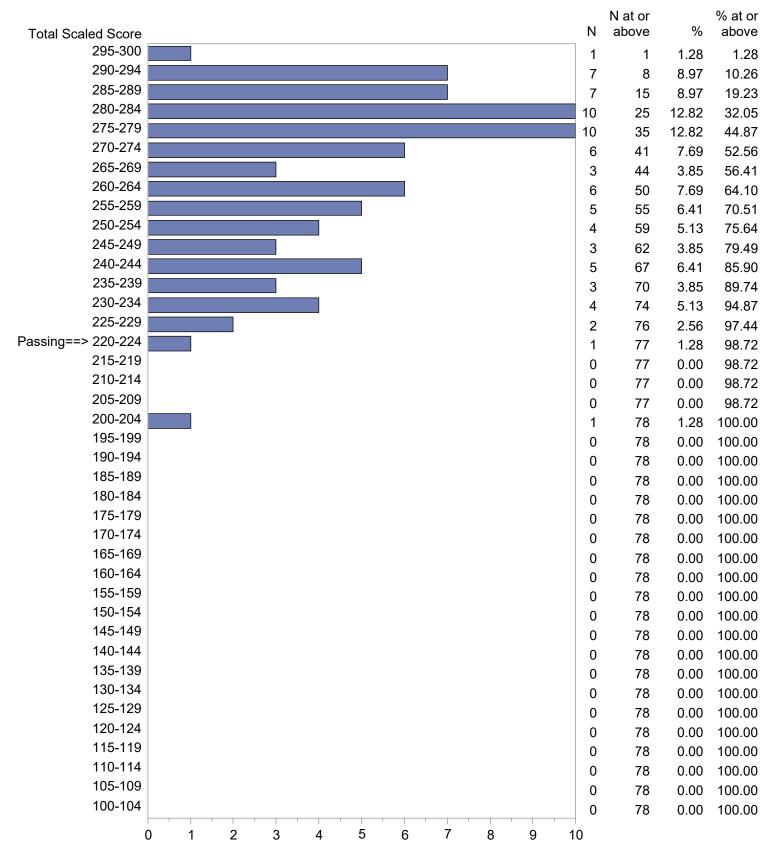
Test Field=014 Earth and Space Science



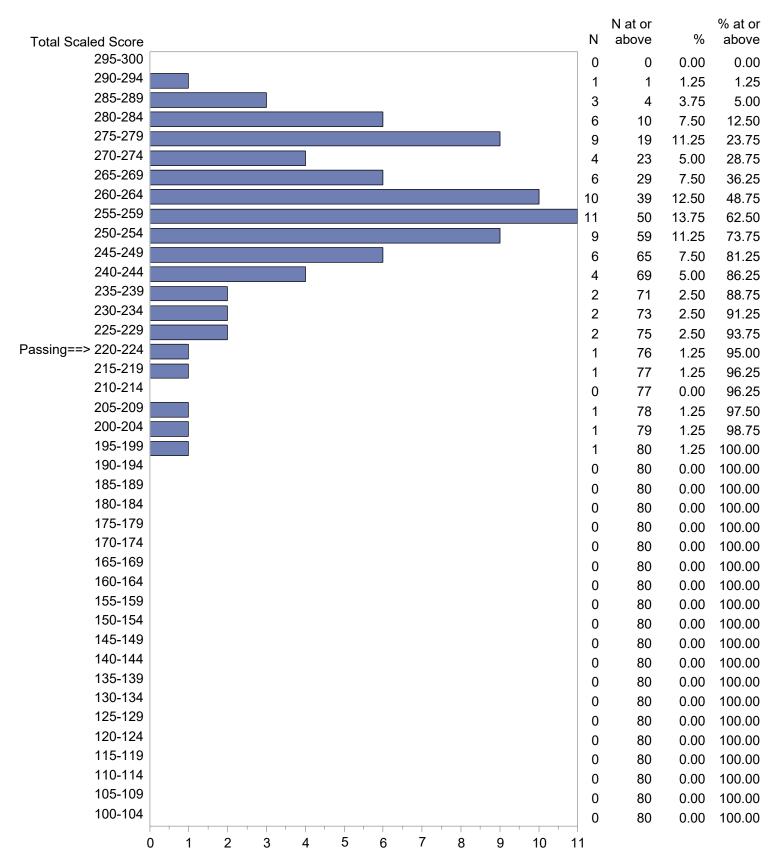
Test Field=015 Educational Leadership



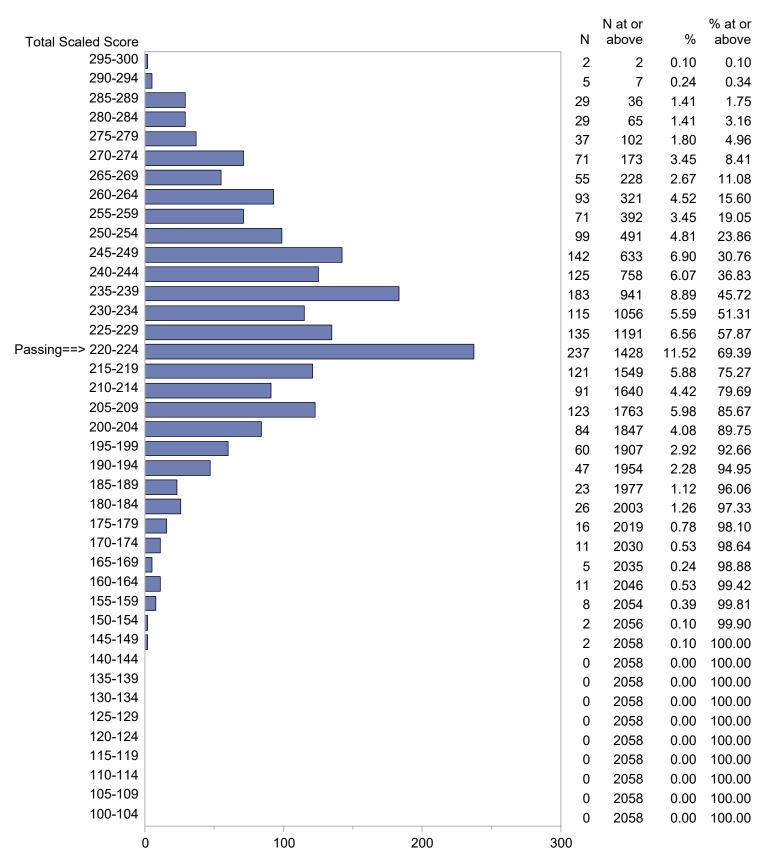
Test Field=016 Computer/Technology Subtest I



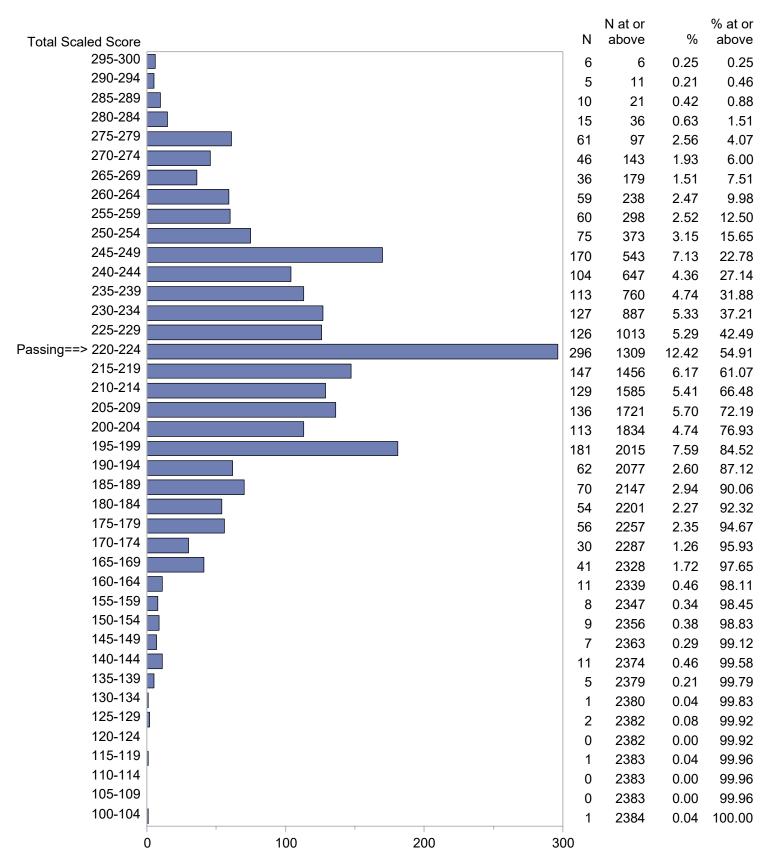
Test Field=017 Computer/Technology Subtest II



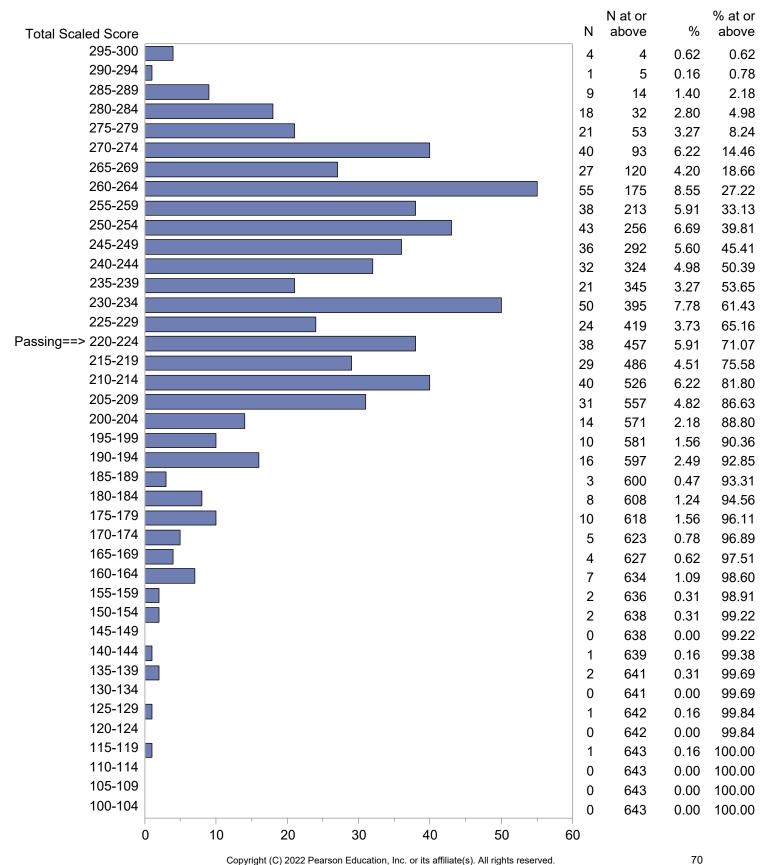
Test Field=018 Elementary Education Subtest I



Test Field=019 Elementary Education Subtest II

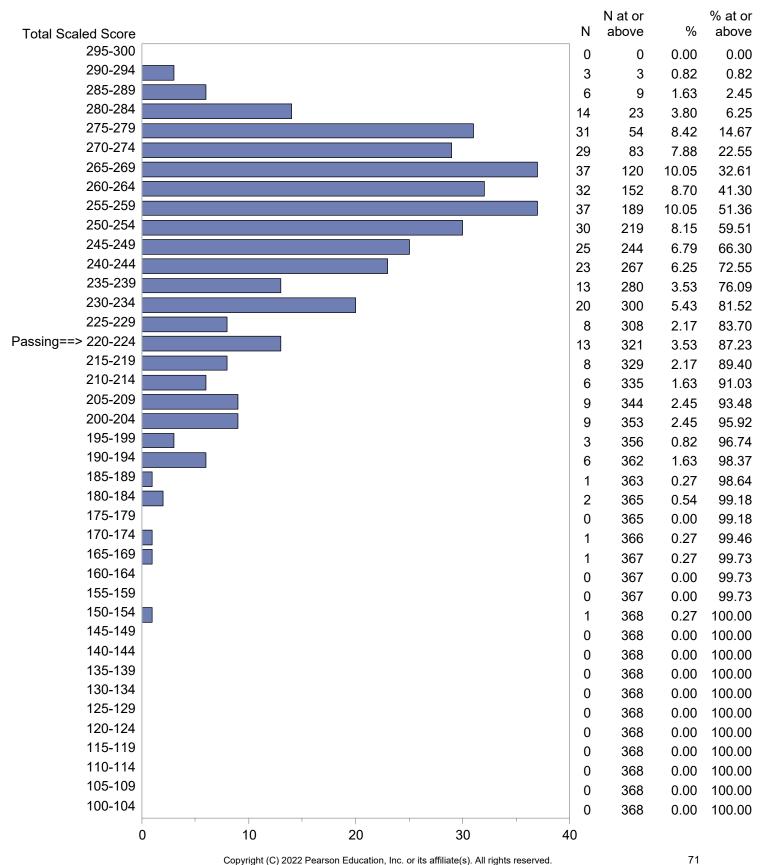


Test Field=020 English Language Arts



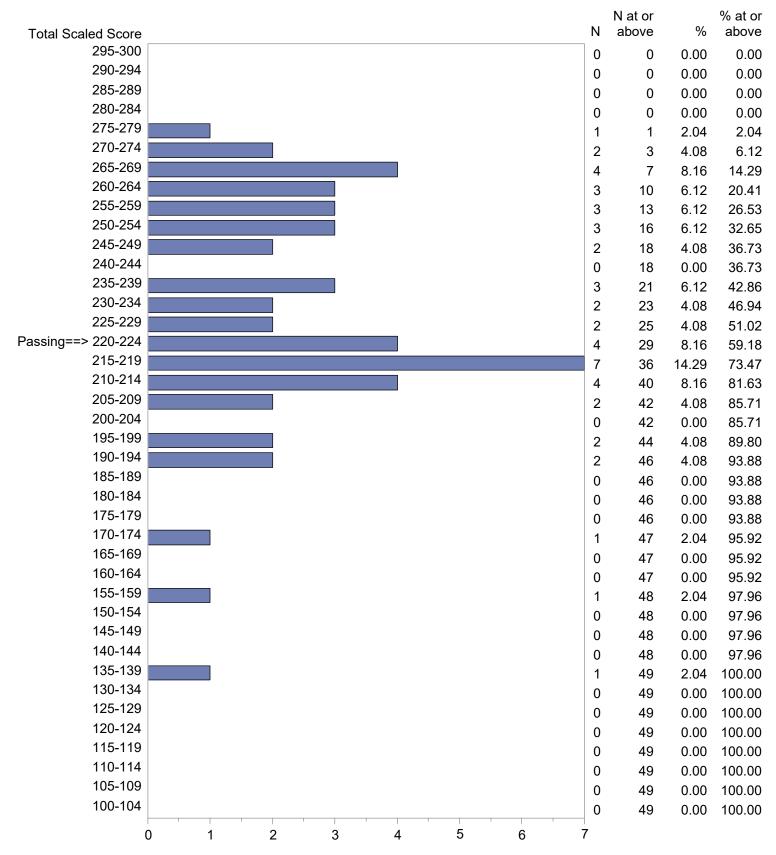
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Test Field=021 English to Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL)

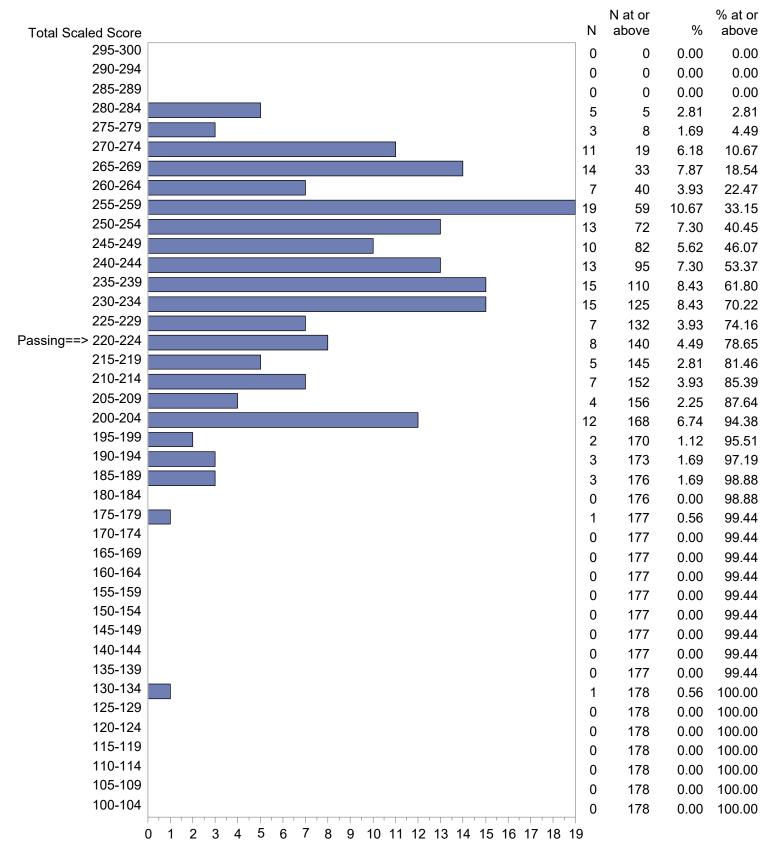


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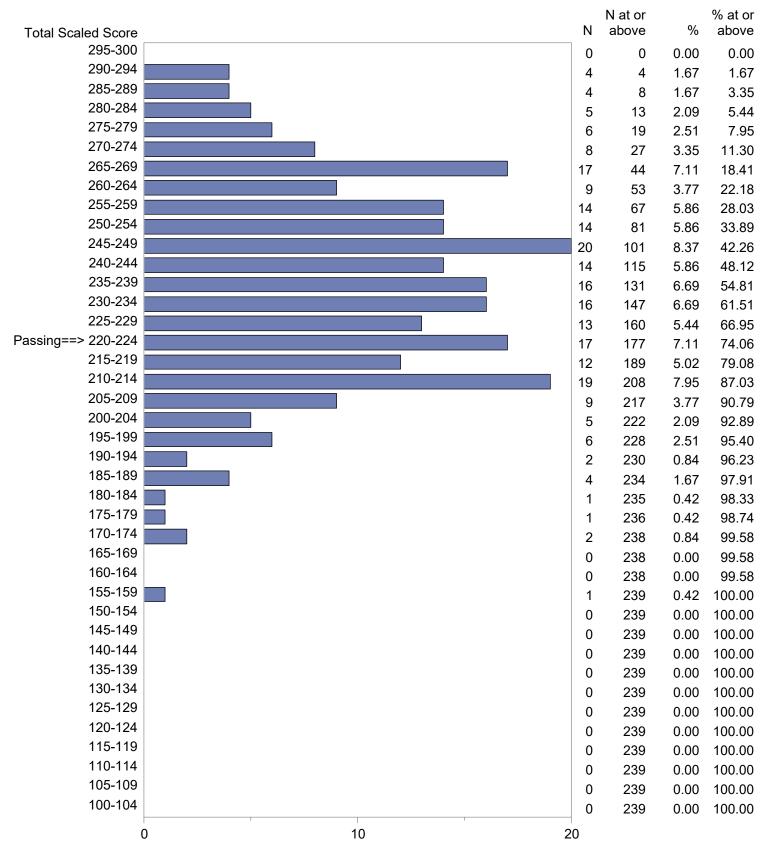
Test Field=022 Family and Consumer Sciences



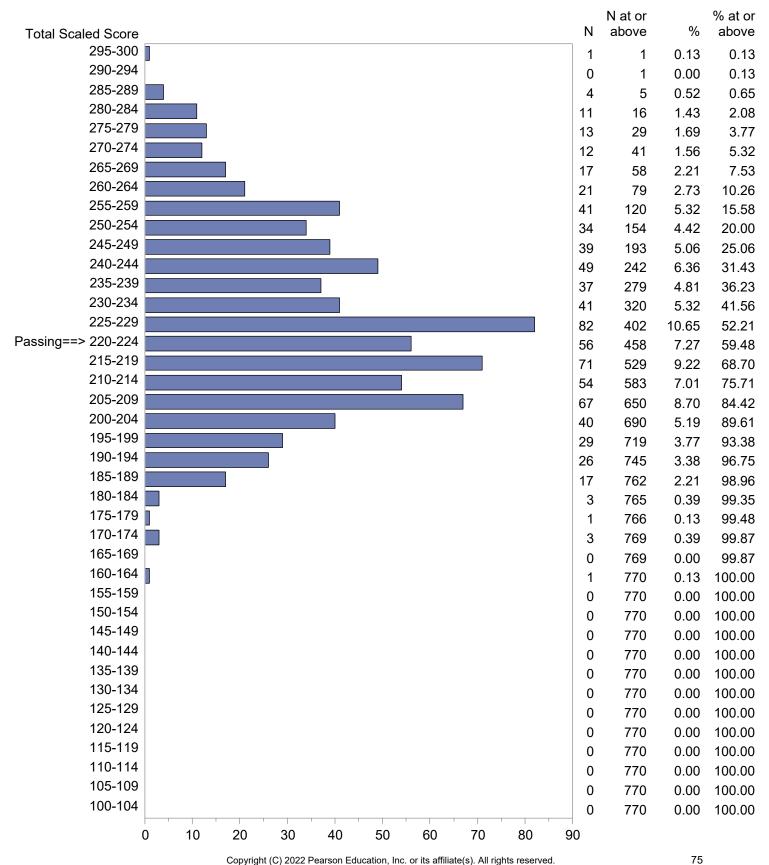
Test Field=023 Health



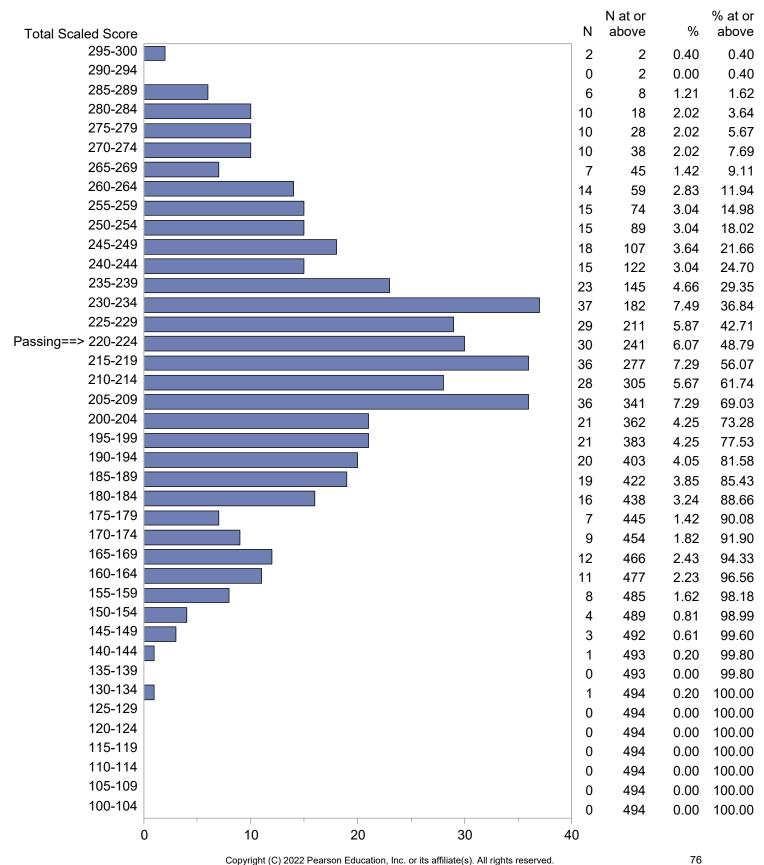
Test Field=024 Integrated Science



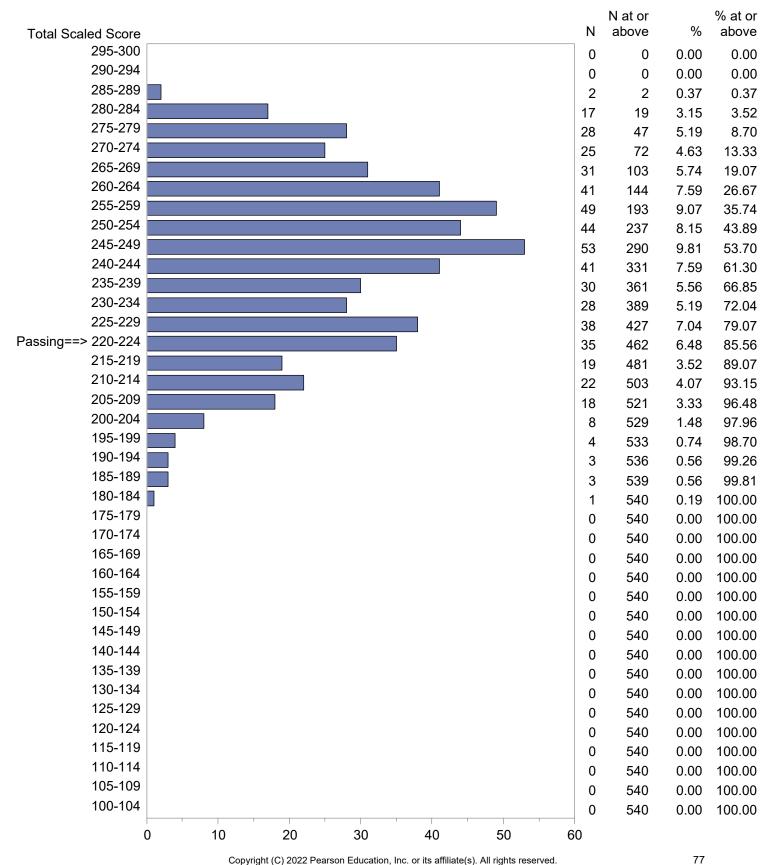
Test Field=025 Integrated Social Studies



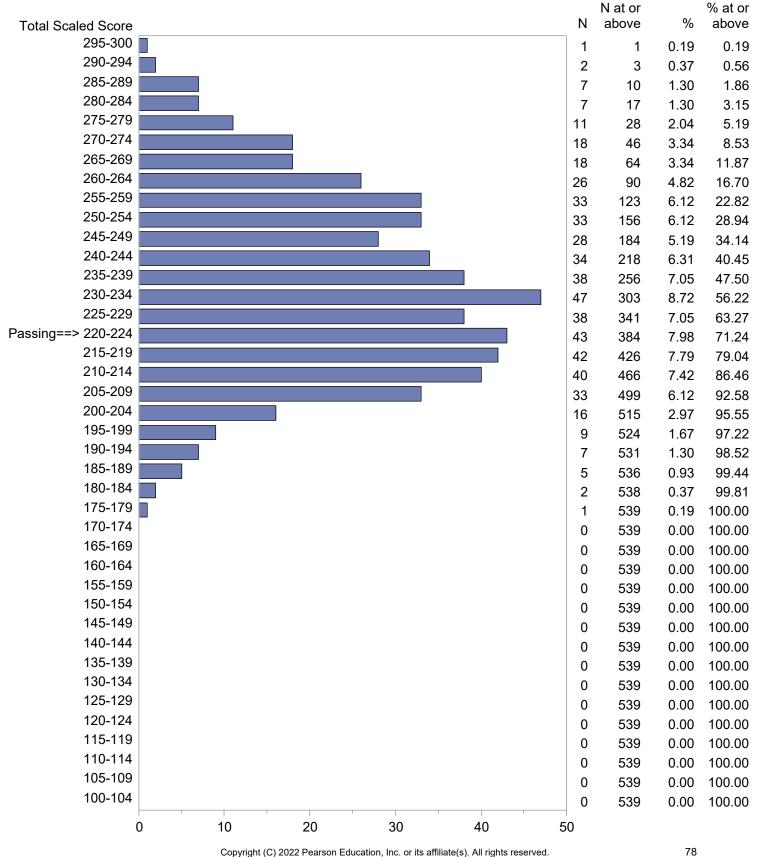
Test Field=027 Mathematics



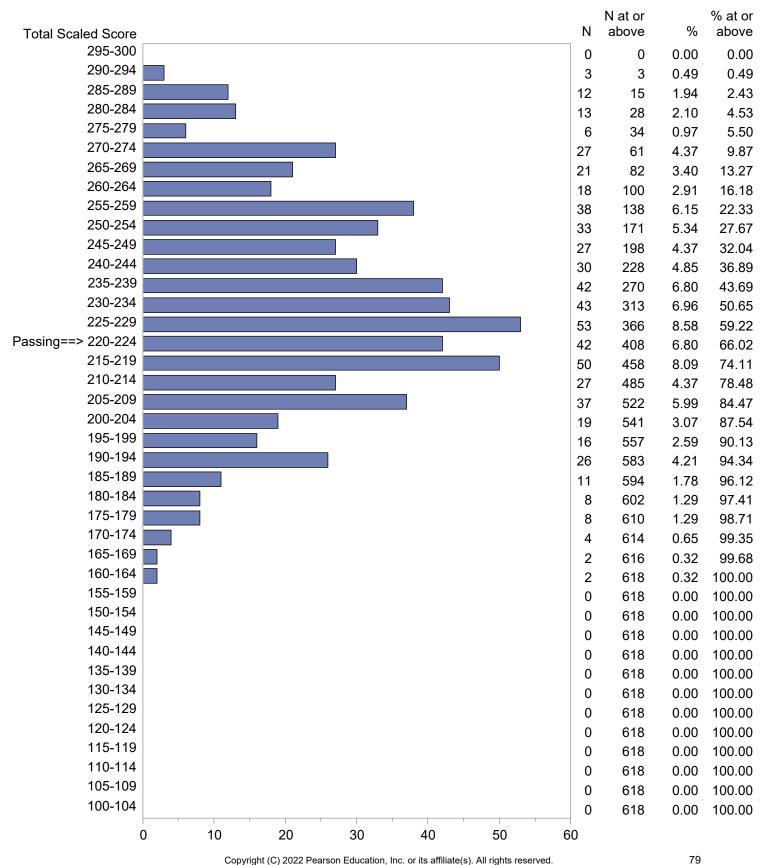
Test Field=028 Middle Grades English Language Arts



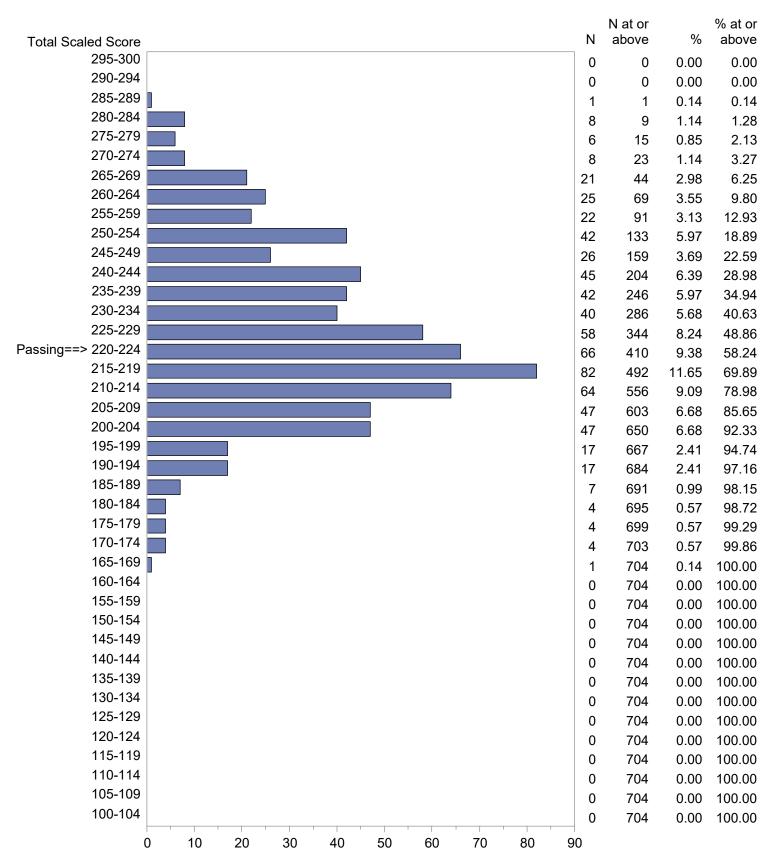
Test Field=029 Middle Grades Science



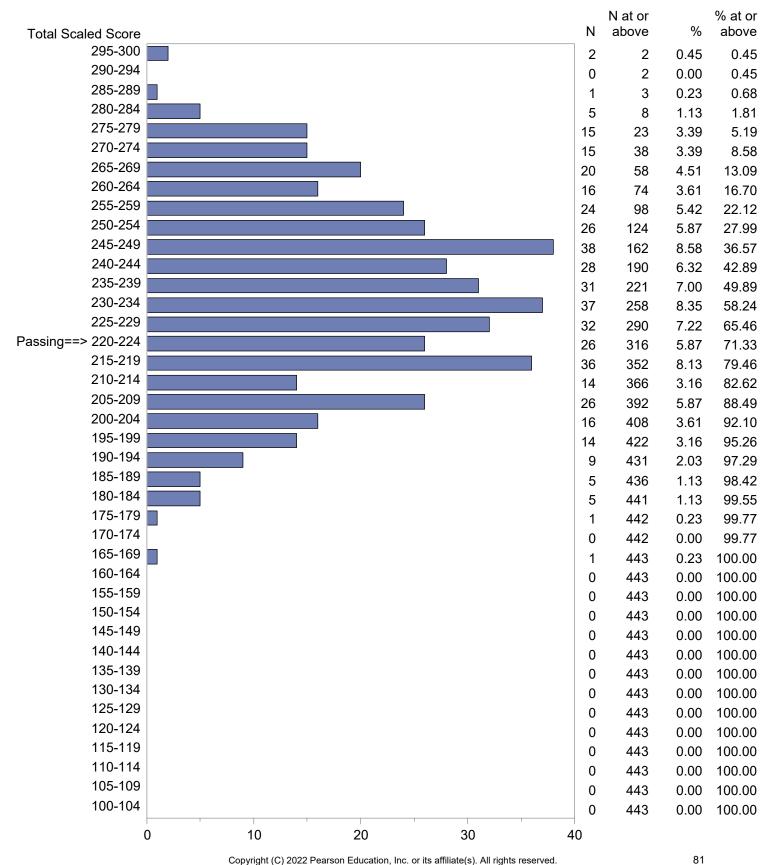
Test Field=030 Middle Grades Mathematics



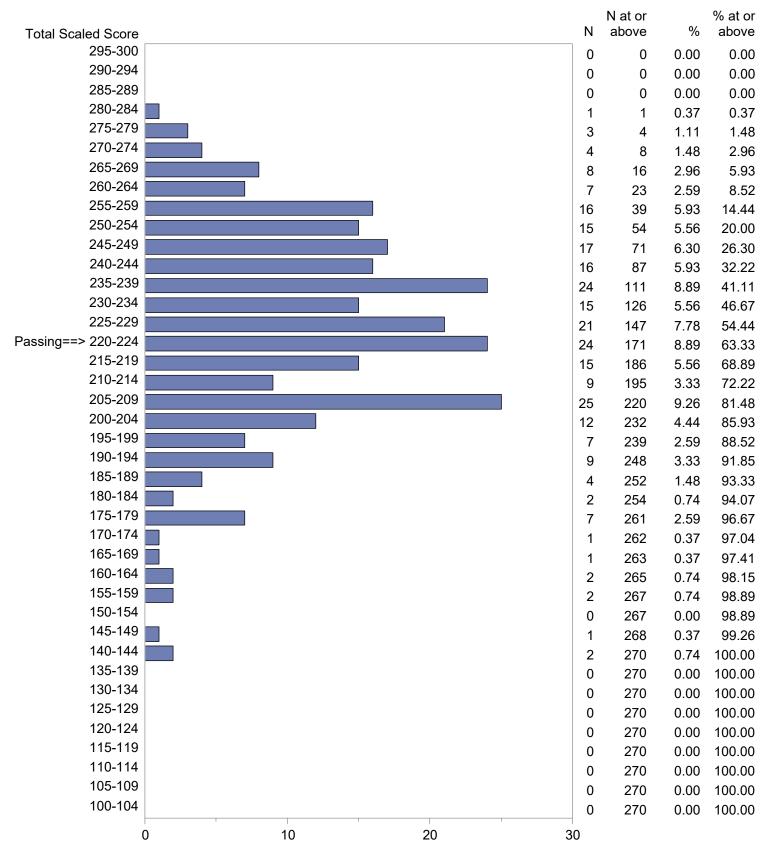
Test Field=031 Middle Grades Social Studies



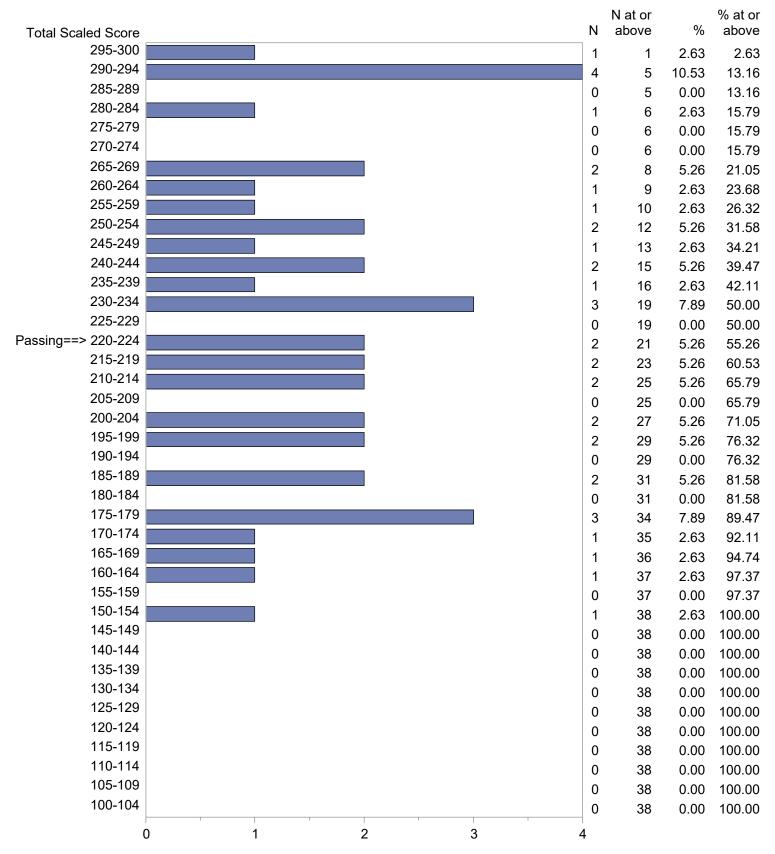
Test Field=032 Music



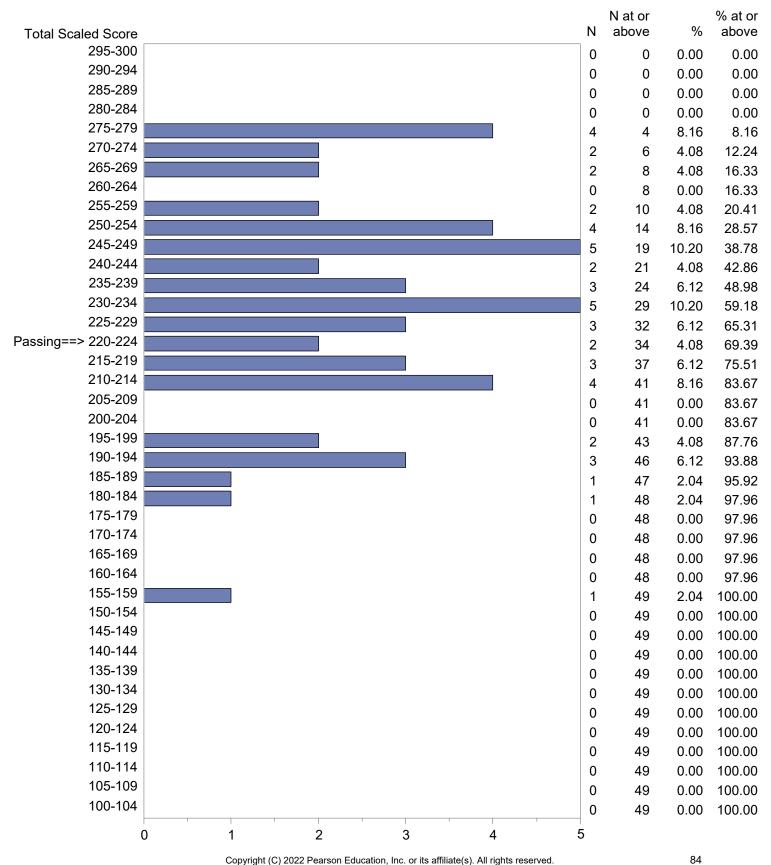
Test Field=034 Physical Education



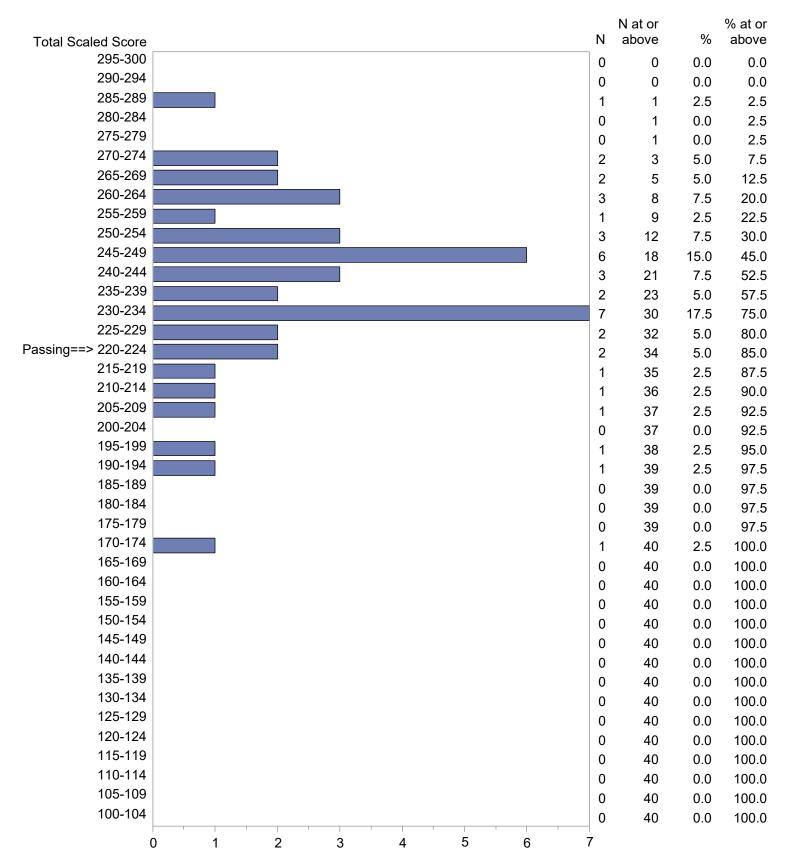
Test Field=035 Physics



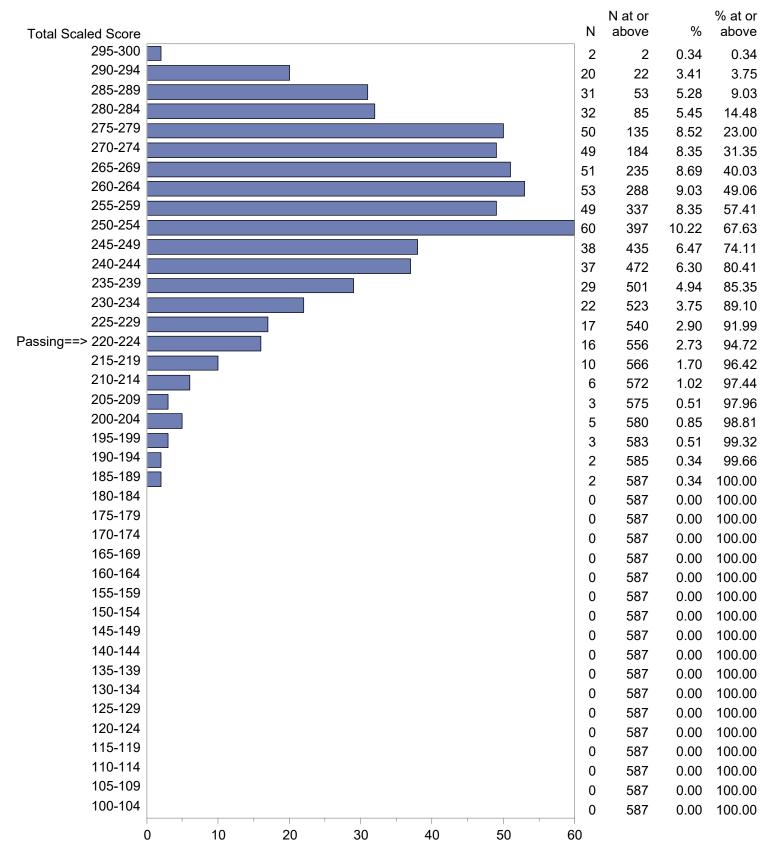
Test Field=036 Prekindergarten Subtest I



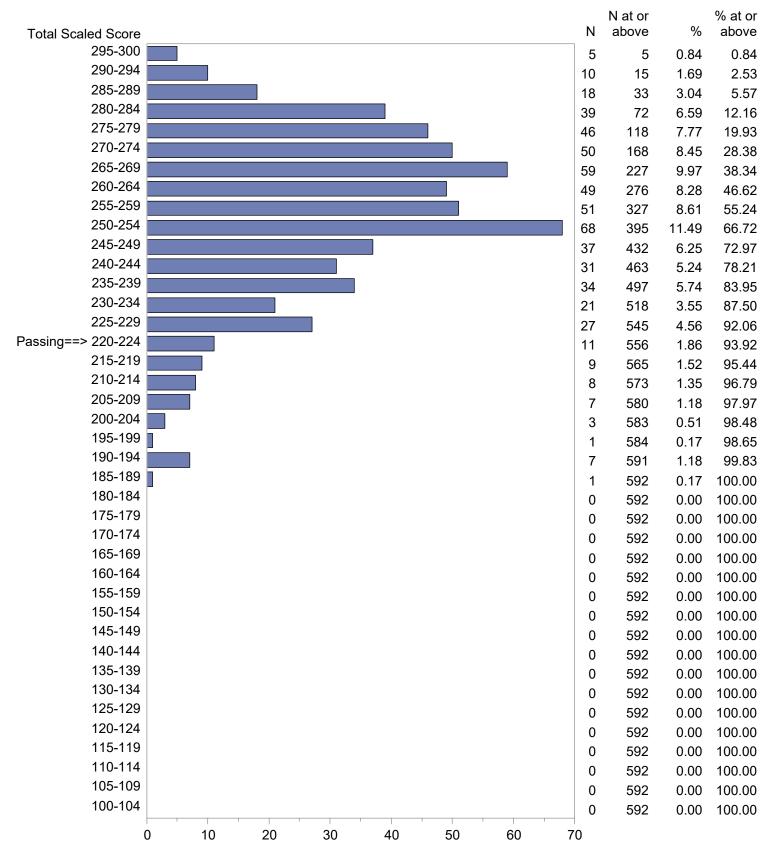
Test Field=037 Prekindergarten Subtest II



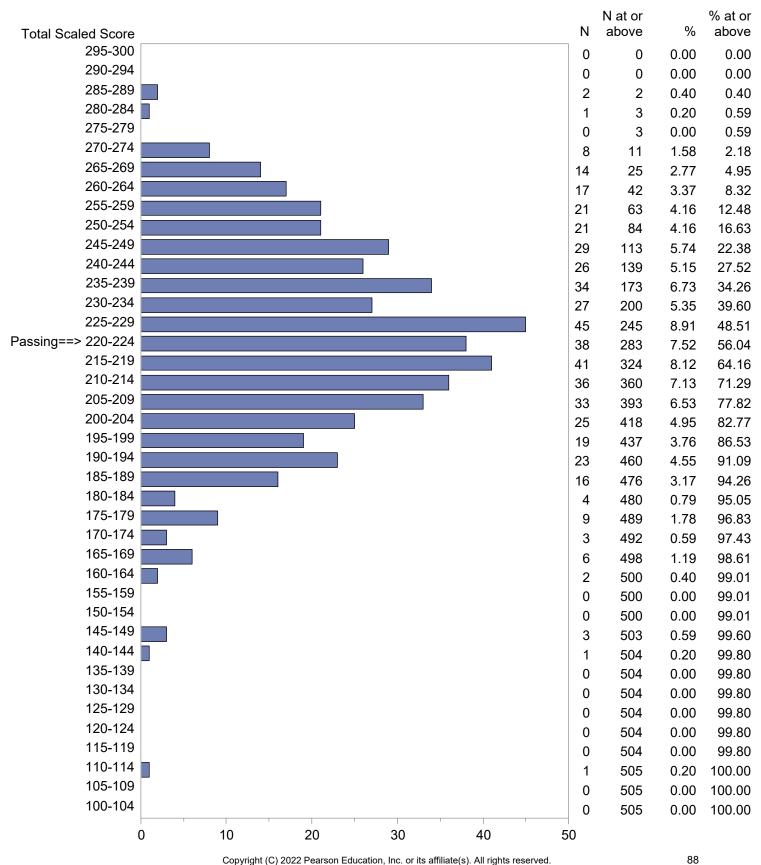
Test Field=038 Reading Subtest I



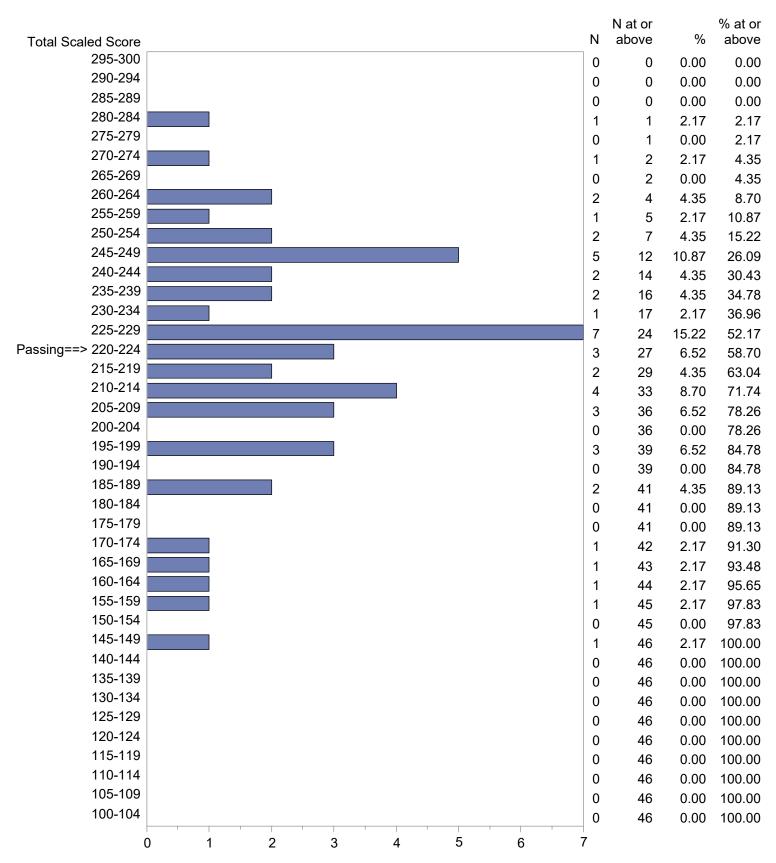
Test Field=039 Reading Subtest II



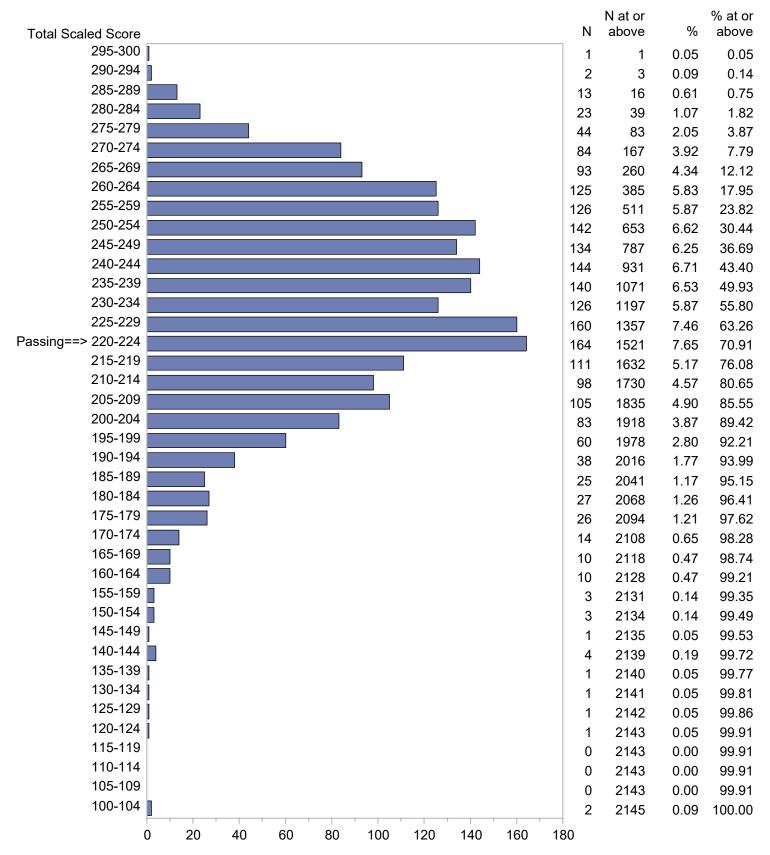
Test Field=040 School Counselor



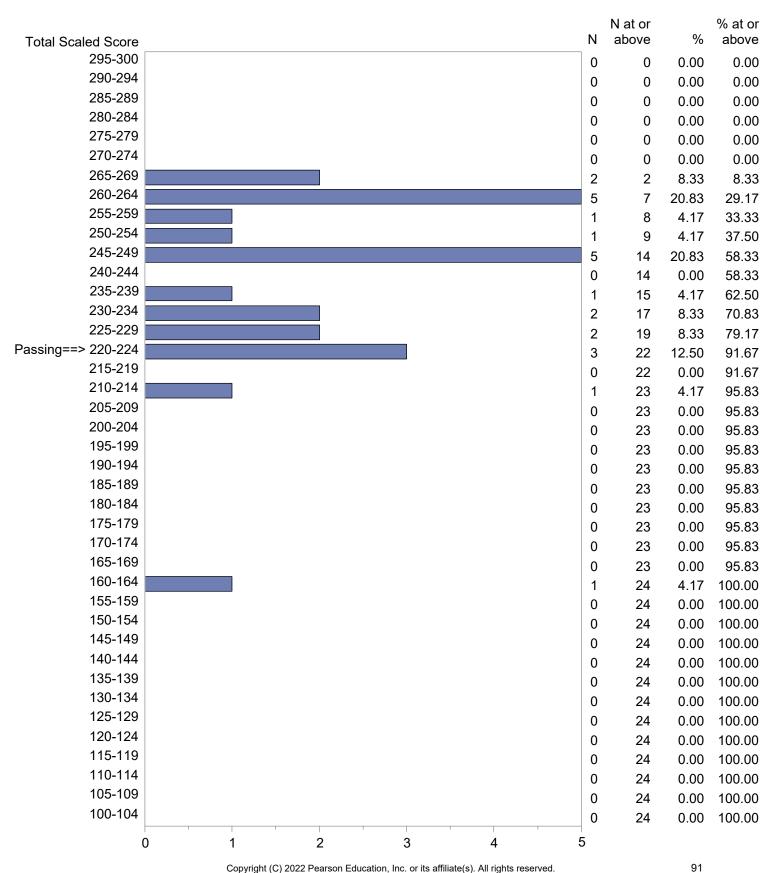
Test Field=041 School Library Media Specialist



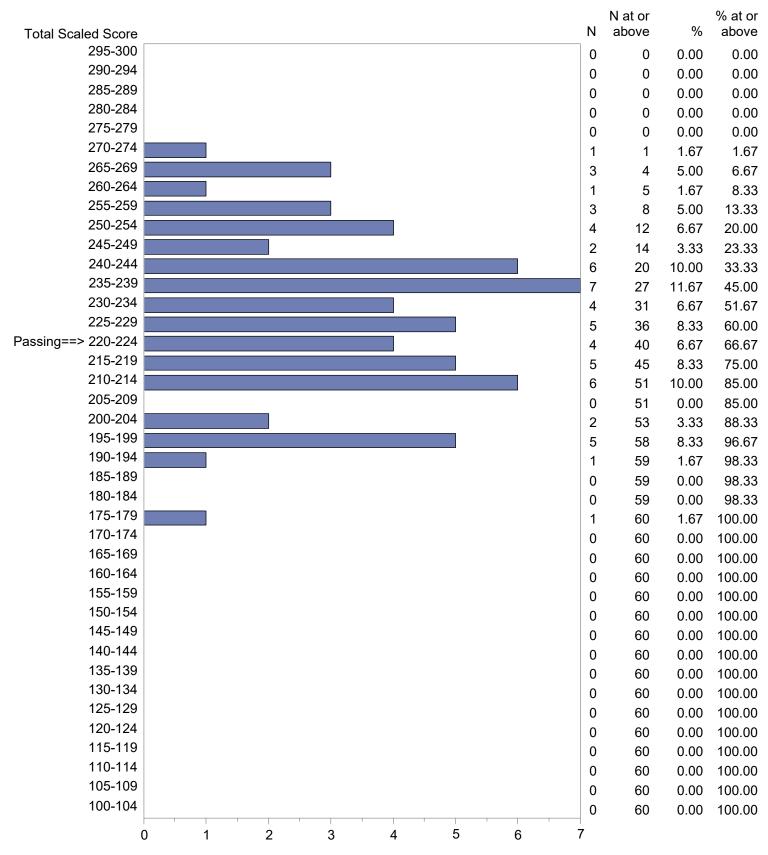
Test Field=043 Special Education



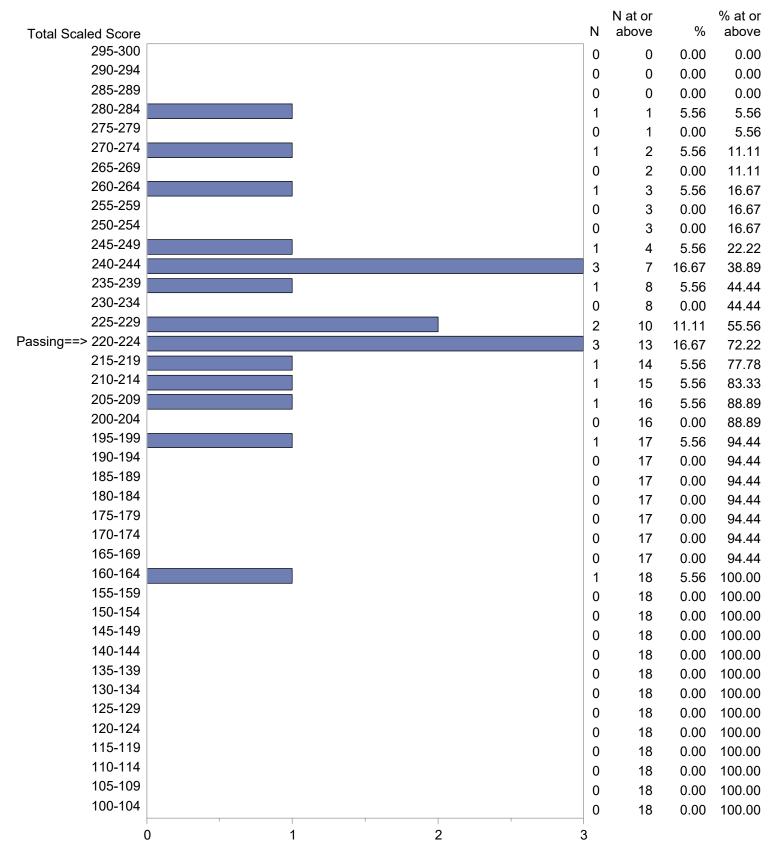
Test Field=044 Special Education Specialist: Deaf/Hard of Hearing



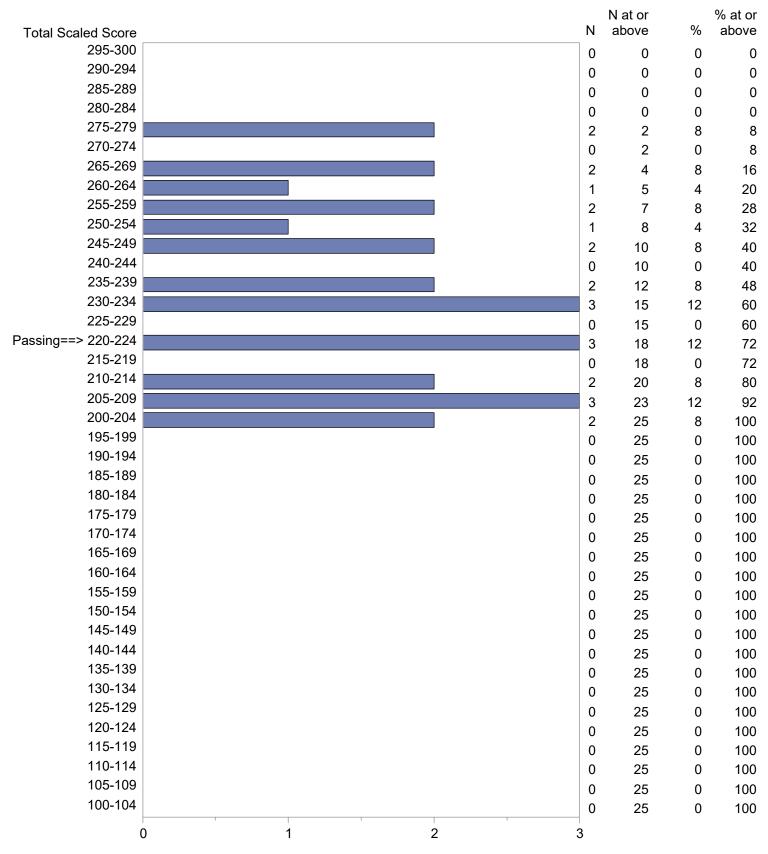
Test Field=045 Special Education Specialist: Visually Impaired



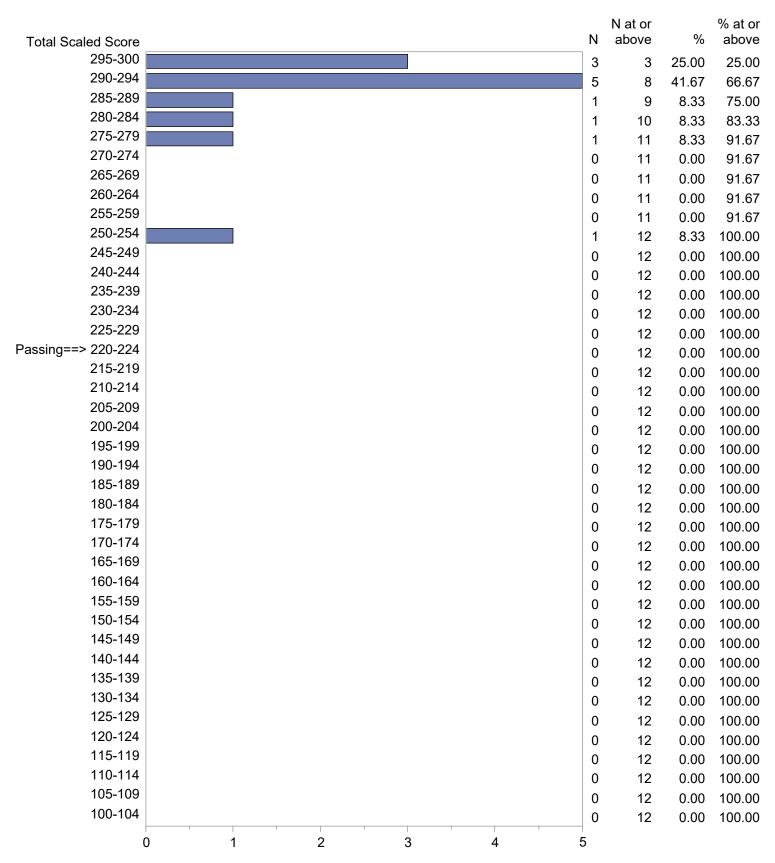
Test Field=048 Theater



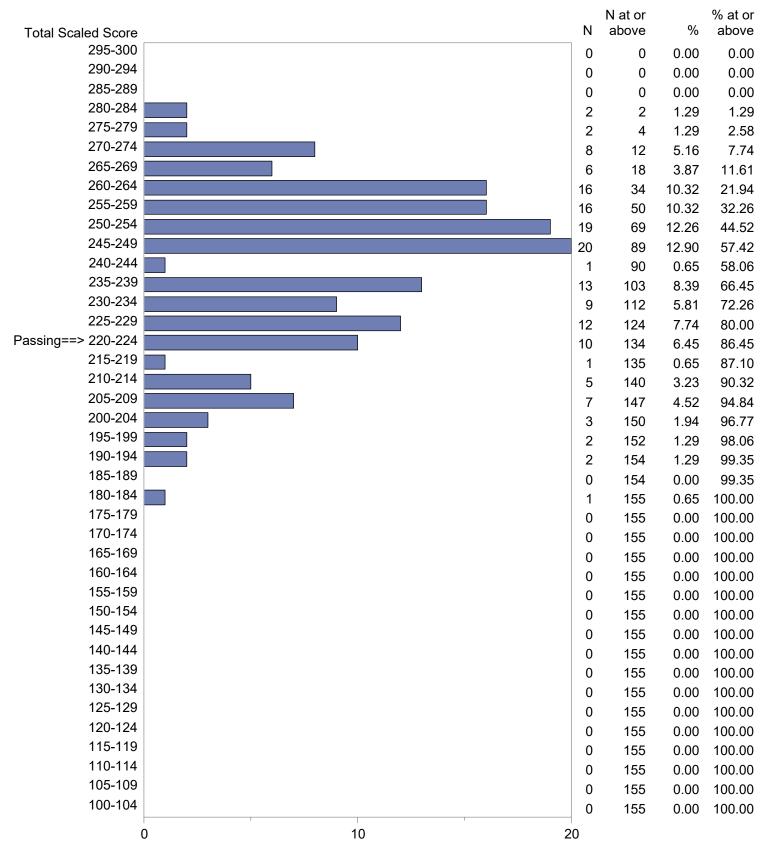
Test Field=050 American Sign Language (ASL) Assessment for World Language Teachers of ASL (Subtest I)



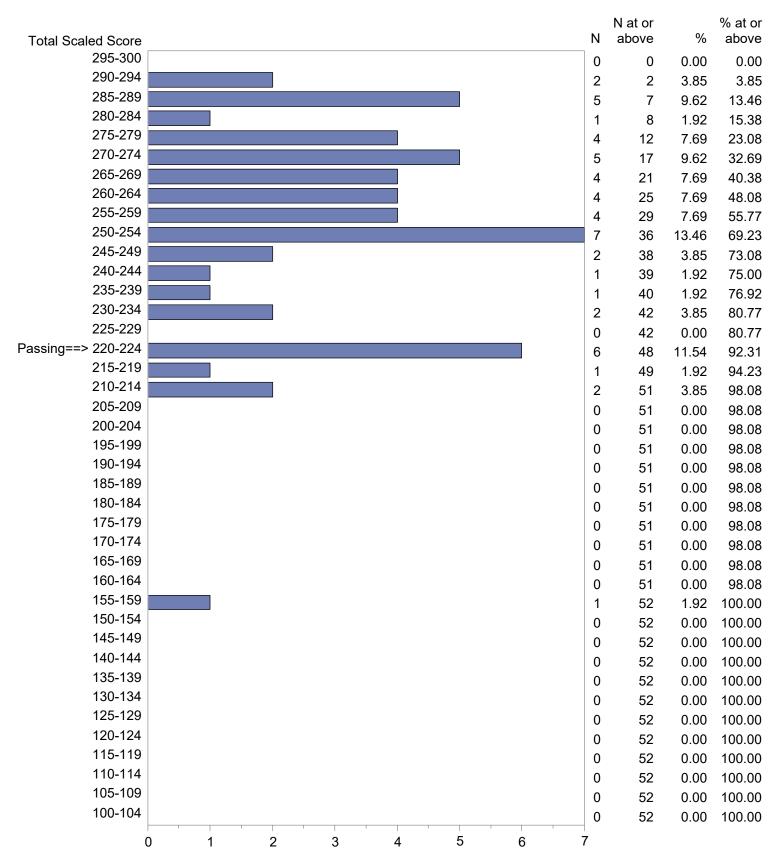
Test Field=051 American Sign Language (ASL) Assessment for World Language Teachers of ASL (Subtest II)



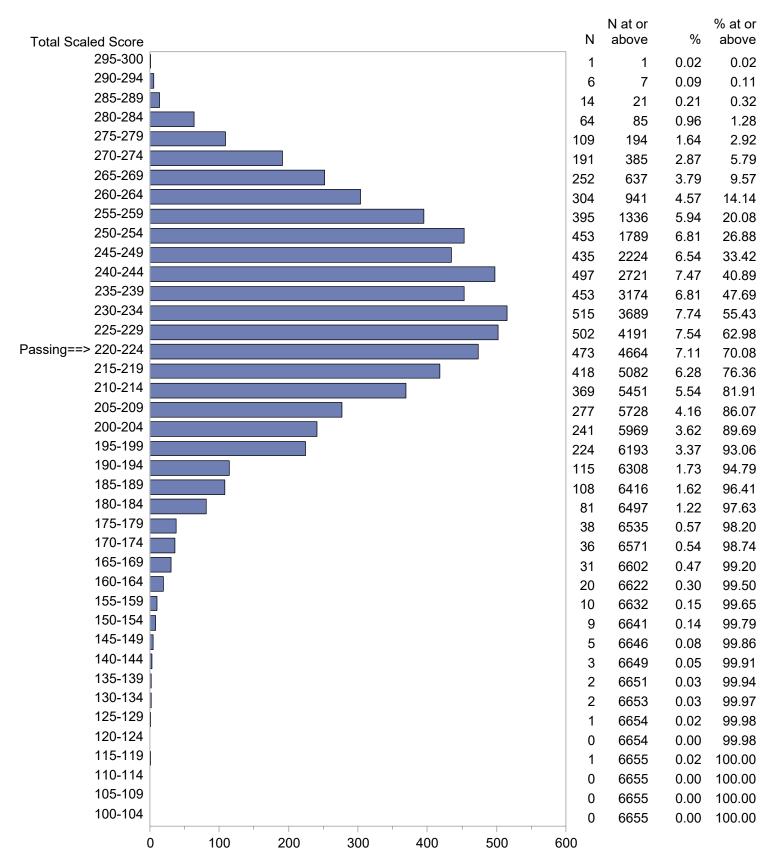
Test Field=053 Gifted Education



Test Field=054 Computer Science



Test Field=090 Foundations of Reading



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